# UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

# Form 6-K

REPORT OF FOREIGN PRIVATE ISSUER PURSUANT TO RULE 13a-16 OR 15d-16 UNDER THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended June 30, 2019

Commission File Number: 001-38091

# NATIONAL ENERGY SERVICES REUNITED CORP.

(Exact name of Registrant as specified in its charter)

# **Not Applicable**

(Translation of registrant's name into English)

777 Post Oak Blvd., Suite 730 Houston, Texas 77056

(Address of principal executive office)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant files or will file annual reports under cover of Form 20-F or Form 40-F. Form 20-F [X] Form 40-F []

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is submitting the Form 6-K in paper as permitted by Regulation S-T Rule 101(b)(1): Yes [ ] No [X]

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is submitting the Form 6-K in paper as permitted by Regulation S-T Rule 101(b)(7): Yes [ ] No [X]

# **INCORPORATION BY REFERENCE**

The information contained in this report on Form 6-K shall be deemed incorporated by reference into the registration statements on Form F-3 (Registration Numbers 333-229801 and 333-226194) and Form S-8 (Registration Number 333-226813) of National Energy Services Reunited Corp. (including any prospectuses forming a part of such registration statements) and to be a part thereof from the date on which this report on Form 6-K is filed, to the extent not superseded by documents or reports subsequently filed or furnished.

# **TABLE OF CONTENTS**

BASIS OF THIS PERIODIC REPORT ON FORM 6-K	3
FINANCIAL INFORMATION AND CURRENCY OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	3
PART I – FINANCIAL INFORMATION	4
ITEM 1. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)	4
UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS	4
UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS	5
UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME	6
UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM STATEMENTS SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY	7
UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS	8
NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	9
1. DESCRIPTION OF BUSINESS	9
2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION	9
3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES	11
4. BUSINESS COMBINATION	12
5. ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE	14
6. SERVICE INVENTORIES	15
7. PROPERTY, PLANT, & EQUIPMENT	15
8. GOODWILL AND INTANGIBLE ASSETS	16
<u>9. DEBT</u>	17
10. FAIR VALUE ACCOUNTING	19
11. EMPLOYEE BENEFITS	19
12. SHARE-BASED COMPENSATION	19
13. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES	20
14. EQUITY	21
15. INCOME PER SHARE	23
16. INCOME TAXES	25
17. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS	25
18. REPORTABLE SEGMENTS	25
Cautionary Note Regarding Forward-Looking Statements	28
ITEM 2. OPERATING AND FINANCIAL REVIEW	29
ITEM 3. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK	37
ITEM 4. INTERNAL CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES	38
PART II - OTHER INFORMATION	39
Item 1. Legal Proceedings.	39
Item 1A. Risk Factors.	39

2

# BASIS OF THIS PERIODIC REPORT ON FORM 6-K

On June 6, 2018, National Energy Services Reunited Corp. ("NESR," the "Company," "we," "our," "us" or similar terms) acquired all of the issued and outstanding equity interests of NPS Holdings Limited ("NPS") and Gulf Energy S.A.O.C. ("GES" and, together with NPS, the "Subsidiaries") (collectively, the "Business Combination"). As a result of the Business Combination, NESR is the accounting acquirer for accounting purposes, NPS and GES are acquirees and NPS is the accounting predecessor. The Business Combination was accounted for using the acquisition method of accounting, and the Successor (as defined below) financial statements reflect a new basis of accounting that is based on fair value of net assets acquired. See Note 4, Business Combination, to the unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements included in Part 1, Item 1, "Financial Statements (Unaudited)" of this Periodic Report on Form 6-K (the "Periodic Report") for further discussion of the Business Combination.

The historical financial information contained in this Periodic Report includes periods that ended prior to the Business Combination. In this Periodic Report, unless we have indicated otherwise, or the context otherwise requires, references to the "Company" for time periods prior to June 6, 2018 refer to NPS, which is the "Predecessor" for accounting purposes, and for the time period from and after June 7, 2018 refer to NESR and its consolidated subsidiaries, which is the "Successor" for accounting purposes. The financial statements of our Predecessor may not be indicative of the financial results that will be reported by us for periods subsequent to the Business Combination.

# FINANCIAL INFORMATION AND CURRENCY OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The financial statements included in the unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements included in Part 1, Item 1, "Financial Statements (Unaudited)" of this Periodic Report have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States of America ("U.S. GAAP"). Unless otherwise indicated, all references in this Periodic Report to "dollars," "\$," or "US\$" are to U.S. dollars, which is the reporting currency of the unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements.

# ITEM 1. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)

# NATIONAL ENERGY SERVICES REUNITED CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

(In US\$ thousands, except share data)

Carrent assets		June 30, 2019	December 31, 2018
Cash and cash equivalents         48,928           Accounts receivable, net         102,731         62,838           Unbilled revenue         92,333         95,148           Service inventories, net         68,057         58,151           Pepada asselts         9,308         6,937           Retention withholdings         27,867         22,011           Other coversibles         22,278         16,968           Other coversibles         396,674         229,618           Other coversibles         39,674         29,618           Other coversibles         39,674         29,618           Other coversibles         39,674         29,618           Non-current assets         36,034         328,727           Rodocovilla         354,034         328,727           standard equipment, net         354,034         328,727           standard equipment, net         354,034         33,935           Scootivill         574,764         570,540           Other assets         3,272         6,345           Color and provided to the controlled assets         3,272         6,345           Accounts payable         66,255         66,254           Current installments of long-term debt         5,062	Assets		
Accounts receivable, net         102.731         62.838           Unbilled revenue         92.333         95.145           Service inventories, net         65.067         58.151           Repadia seetls         9.906         6.907           Retention withholdings         27.887         22.011           Other cerevables         9.439         19.782           Other cerevables         9.439         19.782           Total current assets         9.439         19.782           Non-current assets         396,674         299,685           Won-current assets         19.303         18.082           Chock plant and equipment, net         354,003         32.872           Intangible assets         3,146,1127         \$ 1,343,309           Other assets         3,272         6,346           Total assets         7,724         57,054           Other assets         7,124         33,986           Current installines         68,235         66,264           Accounts payable         68,235         66,264           Accounts payable         36,534         19.91           Other current insbillities         1,202         5,060           Other current insbillities         6,460	Current assets		
Accounts receivable, net         102.731         62.838           Unbilled revenue         92.333         95.145           Service inventories, net         65.067         58.151           Repadia seetls         9.906         6.907           Retention withholdings         27.887         22.011           Other cerevables         9.439         19.782           Other cerevables         9.439         19.782           Total current assets         9.439         19.782           Non-current assets         396,674         299,685           Won-current assets         19.303         18.082           Chock plant and equipment, net         354,003         32.872           Intangible assets         3,146,1127         \$ 1,343,309           Other assets         3,272         6,346           Total assets         7,724         57,054           Other assets         7,124         33,986           Current installines         68,235         66,264           Accounts payable         68,235         66,264           Accounts payable         36,534         19.91           Other current insbillities         1,202         5,060           Other current insbillities         6,460	Cash and cash equivalents	69.643	24.892
Unbilled revenue	,	•	,
Service inventories, net	Unbilled revenue		
Prepaid assets   9,306   5,937   2,2278   2,2278   2,2278   1,6895   2,2278   1,6895   2,2278   1,6895   2,2278   1,6895   2,2278   1,6895   2,2278   1,6895   2,2278   1,6895   2,2278   1,6895   2,2278   2,22	Service inventories, net	•	
Referent withholdings   27,887   22,011   22,0278   16,689   22,278   16,680   24,039   13,178   15,			
Other creewables         22,78         16,695           Other current assets         398,674         299,645           Non-current assets         398,674         299,645           Non-current assets         354,034         328,727           Intangible assets         190,383         130,952           Goodwill         574,746         570,540           Other assets         3,272         6,345           Total assets         3,272         6,345           Total assets         1,461,127         \$1,343,309           Liabilities and equity         8         4,503           Liabilities and equity         8         6,225         6,624           Accounts payable         68,235         66,244         6,244           Account asset payable         17,264         39,986         3,986           Current installments of long-term debt         14,202         5,806           Dirent current Liabilities         169,012         223,080           Long-term debt         381,234         225,172           Long-term debt         381,234         225,172           Deferred tax Liabilities         29,967         30,756           Pension benefit liabilities         14,239         13,828 <td>·</td> <td>· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·</td> <td>· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·</td>	·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
13.176			
Non-current assets   398,674   299,645   Non-current assets   354,034   328,727   Intangible assets   130,383   130,052   360,004   374,764   57	Other current assets	·	
Non-current assets	Total current assets		
Property, plant and equipment, net         354,034         328,727           Intangible assets         130,933         130,052           Goodwill         574,764         570,540           Other assets         3,272         6,345           Total assets         1,461,127         1,343,308           Labilities and equity         Labilities           Labilities and equity         Labilities           Accounts payable         68,235         66,244           Accound expenses         71,264         38,986           Current installments of long-term debt         -         45,093           Short-term borrowings         5,267         31,817           Income taxes payable         1,420         5,506           Other current liabilities         6,490         24,123           Total current liabilities         169,012         223,080           Underget dax liabilities         361,234         225,172           Deferred tax liabilities         361,234         225,172           Deferred tax liabilities         361,234         225,172           Deferred tax liabilities         361,235         512,318           Commitments and contingencies (Note 13)         53,936         512,318		505,011	
Intangible assets         130,383         138,052           Coodwill         574,764         570,540           Other assets         3,272         6,345           Total assets         1,461,127         \$ 1,343,309           Liabilities         Liabilities and equity           Liabilities         Curent installments of long-term debt         6,824           Account payable         68,235         66,246           Account installments of long-term debt         71,264         38,986           Current installments of long-term debt         5,267         31,817           Income taxes payable         14,202         5,806           Other taxes payable         14,202         5,806           Other current liabilities         6,460         24,123           Total current liabilities         361,234         225,172           Deferred tax liabilities         14,239         13,528           Pension benefit liabilities         14,239         13,528           Pension benefit liabilities         15,576         19,482           Commitments and contingencies (Note 13)         59,302         51,231           Commitments and contingencies (Note 13)         80,545         801,545           Equity		354.034	328 727
Sacodil   S74,764   S70,540   S74,764   S70,540   S74,764   S70,540   S74,764   S70,540   S70,		-	•
Other assets         3,272         6,345           Total assets         1,461,127         5,1,343,308           Liabilities and equity           Liabilities           Accounts payable         68,235         66,264           Account payable         68,235         66,264           Account payable         5,267         31,817           Current installments of long-term debt         5,267         31,817           Diher taxes payable         14,202         5,806           Other taxes payable         14,202         5,806           Other taxes payable         14,202         5,806           Other current liabilities         6,460         24,123           Total current liabilities         361,324         225,172           Pension benefit liabilities         39,967         30,756           Pension benefit liabilities         14,239         13,828           Other latibilities         593,028         512,318           Commitments and contingencies (Note 13)           Equity         593,028         512,318           Commitments and contingencies (Note 13)         801,545         801,545           Equity         80,091         80,991         80,992 <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>			
Total assets   \$ 1,461,127   \$ 1,343,309     Liabilities and equity     Liabilities     Accounts payable   68,235   66,264     Accound expenses   71,264   38,986     Current installments of long-term debt   5,267   31,817     Accounts payable   5,267   31,817     Account axes payable   3,584   10,991     Other current liabilities   6,460   24,123     Total current liabilities   6,460   24,23     Accounter liabilities   6,460   24,23     Accounter liabilities   6,460   24,23     Accounter liabilities   361,234   225,172     Accounter liabilities   361,234   225,172     Accounter liabilities   361,234   361,234     Accounter liabilities   361,234   361,234		·	
Cabilities and equity   Cabilities   Cabil			
Liabilities         Caccounts payable         68,235         66,64           Accounts payable         68,235         66,264           Accrued expenses         71,264         38,986           Current installments of long-term debt         -         45,093           Short-term borrowings         5,267         31,817           Income taxes payable         14,202         5,806           Other current liabilities         6,460         24,123           Total current liabilities         169,012         223,080           Long-term debt         361,234         225,172           Deferred tax liabilities         14,239         13,828           Pension benefit liabilities         14,239         13,828           Other liabilities         18,576         19,482           Total liabilities         593,028         512,318           Commitments and contingencies (Note 13)           Equity           Erected shares, no par value; unlimited shares authorized; none issued and outstanding at June 30, 2019         80,1545         801,545           Common stock, no par value; unlimited shares authorized; 86,896,779 shares issued and outstanding at June 30, 2019 and December 31, 2018         801,545         801,545           Retained earnings         52,892	Total assets	\$ 1,401,127	<del>\$</del> 1,343,309
Liabilities         Caccounts payable         68,235         66,64           Accounts payable         68,235         66,264           Accrued expenses         71,264         38,986           Current installments of long-term debt         -         45,093           Short-term borrowings         5,267         31,817           Income taxes payable         14,202         5,806           Other current liabilities         6,460         24,123           Total current liabilities         169,012         223,080           Long-term debt         361,234         225,172           Deferred tax liabilities         14,239         13,828           Pension benefit liabilities         14,239         13,828           Other liabilities         18,576         19,482           Total liabilities         593,028         512,318           Commitments and contingencies (Note 13)           Equity           Erected shares, no par value; unlimited shares authorized; none issued and outstanding at June 30, 2019         80,1545         801,545           Common stock, no par value; unlimited shares authorized; 86,896,779 shares issued and outstanding at June 30, 2019 and December 31, 2018         801,545         801,545           Retained earnings         52,892	Liabilities and equity		
Accrued expenses Current installments of long-term debt Short-term borrowings 5,267 31,817 Income taxes payable 1,4202 5,806 Cither taxes payable 1,4202 5,806 Cither current liabilities 6,460 24,123 Total current liabilities 169,012  Long-term debt 5,123 Cong-term debt 5,123 Cong-term debt 5,123 Cong-term debt 6,123 Cong-term debt 6,123 Cong-term debt 7,123 Cong-term debt 7,124 Cong-term debt 7,125 Cong-term debt 7,126 Cong-term debt 7,126 Cong-term debt 7,127 Cong-term debt 7,127 Cong-term debt 7,123 Cong-t	Liabilities		
Accrued expenses Current installments of long-term debt Short-term borrowings 5,267 31,817 Income taxes payable 1,4202 5,806 Cither taxes payable 1,4202 5,806 Cither current liabilities 6,460 24,123 Total current liabilities 169,012  Long-term debt 5,123 Cong-term debt 5,123 Cong-term debt 5,123 Cong-term debt 6,123 Cong-term debt 6,123 Cong-term debt 7,123 Cong-term debt 7,124 Cong-term debt 7,125 Cong-term debt 7,126 Cong-term debt 7,126 Cong-term debt 7,127 Cong-term debt 7,127 Cong-term debt 7,123 Cong-t	Accounts payable	68.235	66.264
Current installments of long-term debt		•	•
Short-term borrowings         5,267         31,817           Income taxes payable         3,584         10,991           Other taxes payable         14,202         5,806           Other current liabilities         6,460         24,123           Total current liabilities         169,012         223,080           Long-term debt         361,234         225,172           Deferred tax liabilities         29,967         30,756           Pension benefit liabilities         14,239         13,828           Other liabilities         18,576         19,482           Total liabilities         593,028         512,318           Commitments and contingencies (Note 13)         593,028 <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<>			
Income taxes payable	· ·	5.267	•
Other taxes payable         14,202         5,806           Other current liabilities         6,460         24,123           Total current liabilities         169,012         223,080           Long-term debt         361,234         225,172           Deferred tax liabilities         29,967         30,756           Pension benefit liabilities         14,239         13,828           Other liabilities         18,576         19,482           Total liabilities         593,028         512,318           Commitments and contingencies (Note 13)         593,028         512,318           Equity         Freferred shares, no par value; unlimited shares authorized; none issued and outstanding at June 30, 2019         50,207         50,207           Common stock, no par value; unlimited shares authorized; 86,896,779 shares issued and outstanding at June 30, 2019 and December 31, 2018         801,545         801,545           Additional paid in capital         801,545         801,545         801,545           Accumulated other comprehensive income         29         48           Total shareholders' equity         868,099         830,994           Non-controlling interests         -         67           Total equity         868,099         830,994			
Other current liabilities         6,460         24,123           Total current liabilities         169,012         223,080           Long-term debt         361,234         225,172           Deferred tax liabilities         29,967         30,756           Pension benefit liabilities         14,239         13,828           Other liabilities         18,576         19,482           Total liabilities         593,028         512,318           Commitments and contingencies (Note 13)         593,028         512,318           Equity         2         4           Preferred shares, no par value; unlimited shares authorized; none issued and outstanding at June 30, 2019         50,201         50,202           Common stock, no par value; unlimited shares authorized; 86,896,779 shares issued and outstanding at June 30, 2019 and December 31, 2018         801,545         801,545           Additional paid in capital         13,698         1,034           Retained earnings         52,827         28,297           Accumulated other comprehensive income         29         44           Total shareholders' equity         868,099         830,992           Non-controlling interests         -         67           Total equity         868,099         830,991	, ,	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	5,806
Total current liabilities         169,012         223,080           Long-term debt         361,234         225,172           Deferred tax liabilities         29,967         30,756           Pension benefit liabilities         14,239         13,828           Other liabilities         18,576         19,482           Total liabilities         593,028         512,318           Commitments and contingencies (Note 13)           Equity           Preferred shares, no par value; unlimited shares authorized; none issued and outstanding at June 30, 2019         -         -           June 30, 2019         801,545         801,545         801,545           Additional paid in capital         13,698         1,034           Retained earnings         52,827         28,297           Accumulated other comprehensive income         29         48           Total shareholders' equity         868,099         830,924           Non-controlling interests         -         67           Total equity         868,099         830,991	Other current liabilities	6.460	24.123
Long-term debt 361,234 225,172 Deferred tax liabilities 29,967 30,756 Pension benefit liabilities 114,239 13,828 Other liabilities 18,576 19,482 Total liabilities 593,028 512,318  Commitments and contingencies (Note 13)  Equity Preferred shares, no par value; unlimited shares authorized; none issued and outstanding at June 30, 2019 Common stock, no par value; unlimited shares authorized; 86,896,779 shares issued and outstanding at June 30, 2019 and December 31, 2018 801,545 Additional paid in capital 13,698 1,034 Retained earnings 52,827 28,297 Accumulated other comprehensive income 29 48 Total shareholders' equity 868,099 830,924 Non-controlling interests - 67 Total equity 868,099 830,991	Total current liabilities		
Deferred tax liabilities   29,967   30,756     Pension benefit liabilities   14,239   13,828     Other liabilities   18,576   19,482     Total liabilities   593,028   512,318     Commitments and contingencies (Note 13)			
Deferred tax liabilities   29,967   30,756     Pension benefit liabilities   14,239   13,828     Other liabilities   18,576   19,482     Total liabilities   593,028   512,318     Commitments and contingencies (Note 13)	Long-term debt	361 234	225 172
Pension benefit liabilities       14,239       13,828         Other liabilities       18,576       19,482         Total liabilities       593,028       512,318         Commitments and contingencies (Note 13)         Equity         Preferred shares, no par value; unlimited shares authorized; none issued and outstanding at June 30, 2019         Common stock, no par value; unlimited shares authorized; 86,896,779 shares issued and outstanding at June 30, 2019 and December 31, 2018       801,545       801,545         Additional paid in capital       13,698       1,034         Retained earnings       52,827       28,297         Accumulated other comprehensive income       29       48         Total shareholders' equity       868,099       830,924         Non-controlling interests       -       67         Total equity       868,099       830,991	·		
Other liabilities         18,576         19,482           Total liabilities         593,028         512,318           Commitments and contingencies (Note 13)         Equity           Equity		•	•
Total liabilities 593,028 512,318  Commitments and contingencies (Note 13)  Equity  Preferred shares, no par value; unlimited shares authorized; none issued and outstanding at June 30, 2019			
Commitments and contingencies (Note 13)  Equity  Preferred shares, no par value; unlimited shares authorized; none issued and outstanding at June 30, 2019  Common stock, no par value; unlimited shares authorized; 86,896,779 shares issued and outstanding at June 30, 2019 and December 31, 2018  Additional paid in capital  Retained earnings  52,827  48,297  Accumulated other comprehensive income  29  48  Total shareholders' equity  Non-controlling interests  - 67  Total equity  868,099  830,991			
Equity Preferred shares, no par value; unlimited shares authorized; none issued and outstanding at June 30, 2019 Common stock, no par value; unlimited shares authorized; 86,896,779 shares issued and outstanding at June 30, 2019 and December 31, 2018 Additional paid in capital Retained earnings 52,827 Accumulated other comprehensive income 29 48 Total shareholders' equity 868,099 830,924 Non-controlling interests - 67 Total equity	Total nashities	393,020	312,310
Preferred shares, no par value; unlimited shares authorized; none issued and outstanding at June 30, 2019  Common stock, no par value; unlimited shares authorized; 86,896,779 shares issued and outstanding at June 30, 2019 and December 31, 2018  Additional paid in capital  Retained earnings  Accumulated other comprehensive income  29 48  Total shareholders' equity  Non-controlling interests  - Cotal equity  868,099  830,991	Commitments and contingencies (Note 13)		
Preferred shares, no par value; unlimited shares authorized; none issued and outstanding at June 30, 2019  Common stock, no par value; unlimited shares authorized; 86,896,779 shares issued and outstanding at June 30, 2019 and December 31, 2018  Additional paid in capital  Retained earnings  Accumulated other comprehensive income  29 48  Total shareholders' equity  Non-controlling interests  - Cotal equity  868,099  830,991	Equity		
June 30, 2019       -       -       -         Common stock, no par value; unlimited shares authorized; 86,896,779 shares issued and outstanding at June 30, 2019 and December 31, 2018       801,545       801,545         Additional paid in capital       13,698       1,034         Retained earnings       52,827       28,297         Accumulated other comprehensive income       29       48         Total shareholders' equity       868,099       830,924         Non-controlling interests       -       67         Total equity       868,099       830,991	• •		
butstanding at June 30, 2019 and December 31, 2018       801,545       801,545         Additional paid in capital       13,698       1,034         Retained earnings       52,827       28,297         Accumulated other comprehensive income       29       48         Total shareholders' equity       868,099       830,924         Non-controlling interests       -       67         Total equity       868,099       830,991	June 30, 2019	-	
Additional paid in capital       13,698       1,034         Retained earnings       52,827       28,297         Accumulated other comprehensive income       29       48         Total shareholders' equity       868,099       830,924         Non-controlling interests       -       67         Total equity       868,099       830,991			
Retained earnings         52,827         28,297           Accumulated other comprehensive income         29         48           Total shareholders' equity         868,099         830,924           Non-controlling interests         -         67           Total equity         868,099         830,991			801,545
Accumulated other comprehensive income         29         48           Total shareholders' equity         868,099         830,924           Non-controlling interests         -         67           Total equity         868,099         830,991	· ·	•	1,034
Total shareholders' equity         868,099         830,924           Non-controlling interests         67           Total equity         868,099         830,991			
Non-controlling interests         -         67           Total equity         868,099         830,991			48
Total equity 868,099 830,991	Total shareholders' equity	868,099	830,924
	Non-controlling interests	<u> </u>	67
	Total equity	868,099	830,991
	Total liabilities and equity	\$ 1.461.127	\$ 1,343,309

# NATIONAL ENERGY SERVICES REUNITED CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS

(In US\$ thousands, except share data)

	Successor (NESR)						Predecessor (NPS)				
Description		Period from January 1, 2019 to June 30, 2019		Period from April 1, 2019 to June 30, 2019		Period from June 7, 2018 to June 30, 2018		Period from January 1, 2018 to June 6, 2018		Period from April 1, 2018 to June 6, 2018	
Revenues	\$	311,603	\$	159,899	\$	44,986	\$	137,027	\$	60,185	
Cost of services		(231,390)		(116,893)		(37,055)		(104,242)		(46,070)	
Gross profit		80,213		43,006		7,931		32,785		14,115	
Selling, general and administrative											
expense		(30,107)		(17,062)		(9,021)		(19,969)		(10,469)	
Amortization		(8,003)		(3,949)		(1,536)		(10)		(10)	
Operating income		42,103		21,995		(2,626)		12,806		3,636	
Interest expense, net		(9,680)		(5,750)		(1,900)		(4,090)		(1,265)	
Other income (expense), net		(499)		(438)		(468)		362		271	
Income before income tax		31,924		15,807		(4,994)		9,078		2,642	
Income tax (expense) benefit		(7,394)		(4,451)		1,029		(2,342)		(1,359)	
Net income (loss)		24,530		11,356		(3,965)		6,736		1,283	
Net loss attributable to non-controlling interests		-		-		(219)		(881)		(541)	
Net income attributable to											
shareholders	\$	24,530	\$	11,356	\$	(3,746)	\$	7,617	\$	1,824	
Weighted average shares outstanding:											
Basic		86,895,285		86,896,779		85,562,769		348,524,566		348,524,566	
Diluted		86,895,285		86,896,779		85,562,769		370,000,000		370,000,000	
Net earnings per share:											
Basic	\$	0.28	\$	0.13	\$	(0.05)	\$	0.02	\$	0.00	
Diluted	\$	0.28	\$	0.13	\$	(0.05)	\$	0.02	\$	0.00	

# NATIONAL ENERGY SERVICES REUNITED CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

(In US\$ thousands)

	Successor (NESR)							Predeces	sor (NPS	3)
Description	Period from January 1, 2019 to June 30, 2019		Period from April 1, 2019 to June 30, 2019		Period from June 7, 2018 to June 30, 2018		Period from January 1, 2018 to June 6, 2018		Period from April 1, 2018 to June 6, 2018	
Net income	\$	24,530	\$	11,356	\$	(3,965)	\$	6,736	\$	1,283
Other comprehensive income, net of tax										
Foreign currency translation										
adjustments		(19)		(19)		-		(16)		(17)
Total Comprehensive Income, net										
of tax		24,511		11,337		(3,965)		6,720		1,266
Comprehensive loss attributable to non-controlling interest		-		-		-		-		-
Comprehensive income / (loss) attributable to shareholder interest	\$	24,511	\$	11,337	\$	(3,965)	\$	6,720	\$	1,266

# NATIONAL ENERGY SERVICES REUNITED CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM STATEMENTS SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY

(In US\$ thousands, except share data)

For the Predecessor (NPS) quarter from April 1, 2018 to June 6, 2018 and period from January 1, 2018 to June 6, 2018:

Predecessor -NPS	Shares Outstanding	Common Stock	Redeemable Convertible Shares Outstanding	Redeemable Convertible Shares	Additional Paid in Capital	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income -Loss	Retained Earnings - Accumulated Deficit	Total Company Equity	Non- controlling Interests	Total Shareholders' Equity
Balance at March 31, 2018	348,524,566	348,525	21,475,434	21,475	3,345	(435)	(24,294)	348,616	(2,300)	346,316
Net income -loss	-	-	-	-	-	=	1,824	1,824	(541)	1,283
Foreign currency translation										
adjustments	-	-	-	-	-	(17)	-	(17)	-	(17)
Conversion of redeemable shares	-	-	-	-	-	=	-	-	-	-
Dividends paid	-	-	-	-	-	-	=	-	-	-
Amount of provision for Zakat	-	-	-	-	-	-	(409)	(409)	-	(409)
Balance at June 6, 2018	348,524,566	348,525	21,475,434	21,475	3,345	(452)	(22,879)	350,014	(2,841)	347,173
		_								

Predecessor (NPS) Balance at January 1, 2018	Shares Outstanding 342,250,000	Common Stock 342,250	Redeemable Convertible Shares Outstanding 27,750,000	Redeemable Convertible Shares 27,750	Additional Paid in Capital 3,345	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss) (436)	Retained Earnings (Accumulated Deficit)	Total Company Equity 391,389	Non- controlling Interests (1,960)	Total Shareholders' Equity 389,429
Net income (loss)	-	-	-	-	-	-	7,617	7,617	(881)	6,736
Foreign currency translation adjustments	-	-	-	-		(16)	-	(16)	-	(16)
Conversion of redeemable shares	6,274,566	6,275	(6,274,566)	(6,275)	-	-	-	-	-	-
Dividends paid	-	-	-	-	-	-	(48,210)	(48,210)	-	(48,210)
Amount of provision for Zakat	-	-	-	-	-	-	(766)	(766)	-	(766)
Balance at June 6, 2018	348,524,566	348,525	21,475,434	21,475	3,345	(452)	(22,879)	350,014	(2,841)	347,173

For the Successor (NESR) period from June 7, 2018 to June 30, 2018:

2019

Successor -NESR	Ordinary \$	Shares	Retained Earnings (Accumulated Deficit)	Total Equity	Non- controlling Interests	Total Shareholders' Equity
	Shares	Amount				
Balance at June 7, 2018	11,730,425	56,602	(4,611)	51,991	-	51,991
Reclassification of shares previously subject to						
redemption	16,921,700	165,188	-	165,188	-	165,188
Redeemed shares	(1,916,511)	(19,380)	-	(19,380)	-	(19,380)
Shares issued to acquire NPS	25,077,277	255,537	-	255,537	-	255,537
Shares issued to acquire GES	28,346,229	288,848	-	288,848	-	288,848
Shares issued to related party for loan fee and						
transaction costs	266,809	2,719	-	2,719	-	2,719
Shares issued to Backstop Investor	4,829,375	48,294	-	48,294	-	48,294
Shares issued for IPO underwriting fees	307,465	3,737	-	3,737	-	3,737
Non-controlling interest	-	-	-	-	(951)	(951)
Acquisition of non-controlling interest during the period	-	-	995	995	(995)	-
Net Income -loss through June 30, 2018	-	-	(3,746)	(3,746)	(219)	(3,965)
Balance at June 30, 2018	85,562,769	801,545	(7,362)	794,183	(2,165)	792,018

For the Successor (NESR) quarter from April 1, 2019 to June 30, 2019 and period from January 1, 2019 to June 30, 2019:

Successor (NESR)	Shares	Amount	Additional Paid In Capital	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)	Retained Earnings (Accumulated Deficit)	Total Shareholders' Equity	Noncontrolling Interests	Total Equity
Balance at March 31, 2019	86,896,779	801,545	12,322	48	41,472	855,387	-	855,387
Stock-based Compensation	-	-	1,373	-	-	1,373	-	1,373
Other	=	-	3	(19)	(1)	(17)	-	(17)
Net income from April 1, 2019 to June 30, 2019	-	-	-	-	11,356	11,356	-	11,356
Balance at June 30, 2019	86,896,779	801,545	13,698	29	52,827	868,099	-	868,099
Successor (NESR)	Shares	Amount	Additional Paid In Capital	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)	Retained Earnings (Accumulated Deficit)	Total Shareholders' Equity	Noncontrolling Interests	Total Equity
Balance at December 31, 2018	85,562,769	801,545	1,034	48	28,297	830,924	67	830,991
Stock-based Compensation	-	-	2,113	-	-	2,113	-	2,113
Other	33,796	-	4	(19)	-	(15)	-	(15)
Acquisition of non-controlling interest during								
the period	-	-	67	-	-	67	(67)	-
NPS equity earn-out	1,300,214	-	10,480	-	-	10,480	-	10,480
Net income from January 1, 2019 to June 30.								

24,530

Balance at June 30, 2019 86,896,779 801,545 13,698 29 52,827 868,099 - 868,099

# NATIONAL ENERGY SERVICES REUNITED CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

(In US\$ thousands)

	Jar	riod from nuary 1 to e 30, 2019	Period from June 7 to June 30, 2018	Period from January 1 to June 6, 2018	
Description		Successo	r (NESR)	Prede	cessor (NPS)
Cash flows from operating activities:					
Net income/(loss)	\$	24,530	\$ (3,965)	\$	6,736
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by					
operating activities:					
Depreciation and amortization		38,476	6,460		17,284
Shares issued for transaction costs		-	2,175		
Stock-based compensation		2,113			-
(Gain) on disposal of assets		(356)	(281)		-
Accrued interest		2,484	1,899		3,350
Deferred tax expense (benefit)		(1,077)	-		-
Allowance for doubtful receivables		476	-		2,402
Provision for obsolete service inventories		1,057	-		-
Other operating activities, net		(1,848)	603		1,442
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:		-			
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable		(41,440)	801		(15)
(Increase) in inventories		(7,964)	(35)		(2,080)
(Increase) decrease in prepaid expenses		(2,289)	462		(759)
(Increase) in other current assets		(8,651)	(8,387)		(16,257)
(Increase) decrease in other long-term assets and liabilities		702	2,039		(544)
Increase in accounts payable and accrued expenses		20,009	13,397		7,335
Increase (decrease) in other current liabilities		(2,050)	(844)		1,932
Net cash provided by operating activities		24,172	14,324		20,826
Cash flows from investing activities:					
Capital expenditures		(56,513)	(2,157)		(9,861)
Proceeds from disposal of assets		1,273	`		-
Proceeds from the Company's Trust account		-	231,782		-
Acquisition of business, net of cash acquired		-	(282,190)		(1,098)
Other investing activities		(285)	330		3,043
Net cash used in investing activities		(55,525)	(52,235)		(7,916)
Cash flows from financing activities:					
Proceeds from long-term debt		365,000	50,000		47,063
Repayments of long-term debt		(278,039)	50,000		-1,000
Net change in short-term borrowings		(7,013)			
Proceeds from issuance of shares		(7,010)	48,294		-
Redemption of ordinary shares		_	(19,380)		-
Payment of deferred underwriting fees		_	(5,333)		(164)
Dividend paid		_	(0,000)		(48,210)
Other financing activities, net		(3,825)	1,185		(4,429)
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities		76,123	74,766	-	(5,740)
not each provided by (asset in) intenenting activities		70,123	14,700		(3,740)
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash		(19)	-		(16)
Net increase (decrease) in cash		44,751	36,855		7,154
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period		24,892	46		24,502
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period		69,643	36,901		31,656
Cumplemental disclosure of each flow information (also refer National)					
Supplemental disclosure of cash flow information (also refer Note 3):		0.017	140		0.600
Interest paid		8,317	143		3,636 345
Income taxes paid		13,890	3,061		345

# NATIONAL ENERGY SERVICES REUNITED CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### 1. DESCRIPTION OF BUSINESS

National Energy Services Reunited Corp. ("NESR," the "Company," "we," "our," "us" or similar terms) is a British Virgin Islands corporation headquartered in Houston, Texas. The Company, through its wholly-owned subsidiaries, NPS Holdings Limited ("NPS") and Gulf Energy S.A.O.C. ("GES" and, together with NPS, the "Subsidiaries") is a regional provider of services to the oil and gas industry in the Middle East and North Africa ("MENA") and Asia Pacific regions.

NESR was incorporated in the British Virgin Islands as a special purpose acquisition company on January 23, 2017 for the purpose of acquiring, engaging in a share exchange, share reconstruction and amalgamation, or contractual control arrangement with, purchasing all or substantially all of the assets of, or engaging in any other similar business combination with one or more businesses or entities. On May 17, 2017, NESR sold 21,000,000 units, each consisting of one ordinary share and one warrant, in its initial public offering, generating gross proceeds of \$210 million. Simultaneously with the closing of its initial public offering, NESR consummated the sale of 11,850,000 warrants (the "Private Warrants") at a price of \$0.50 per warrant in a private placement to its sponsor, NESR Holdings Ltd. ("NESR Holdings"), generating gross proceeds of \$5.9 million. On May 30, 2017, in connection with the underwriters' election to partially exercise their over-allotment option, NESR consummated the sale of an additional 1,921,700 units at \$10.00 per unit and the sale of an additional 768,680 Private Warrants at \$0.50 per warrant, generating total gross proceeds of \$19.6 million.

An aggregate amount of \$229.2 million from the net proceeds of the sale of the units in the initial public offering and the Private Warrants was placed in a trust account ("Trust Account") until the earlier of: (i) the consummation of a business combination or (ii) the distribution of the trust account. On June 6, 2018 (the "Closing Date"), NESR acquired all of the issued and outstanding equity interests of NPS and GES (the "Business Combination"). Subsequently, the proceeds held in the Trust Account aggregating \$231.8 million (including interest) were released.

Both NPS and GES are regional providers of services to the oil and gas industry in the MENA and Asia Pacific regions. Revenues are primarily derived from services provided during the drilling, completion and production phases of an oil or natural gas well. NPS operates in 12 countries with the majority of its revenues derived from operations in Saudi Arabia, Algeria, Qatar, UAE and Iraq. GES provides drilling equipment for rental and related services, well engineering services and directional drilling services imports, and sells oilfield equipment and renders specialized services to oil companies in Oman, Saudi Arabia, Algeria and Kuwait.

#### 2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying condensed consolidated interim financial statements of the Company have been prepared in accordance with U.S. GAAP for interim financial reporting purposes. Accordingly, certain information and note disclosures normally included in financial statements prepared in accordance with U.S. GAAP have been condensed or omitted pursuant to such rules and regulations. These condensed consolidated interim financial statements should be read in conjunction with the Company's Annual Report on Form 20-F for the year ended December 31, 2018 and Report on Form 6-K for the quarterly period ended March 31, 2019.

The Business Combination was accounted for under Accounting Standards Codification ("ASC") Topic 805, Business Combination. Pursuant to ASC 805, NESR was determined to be the accounting acquirer based on evaluation of the facts and circumstances including:

- The transfer of cash by NESR;
- NESR's executive management comprise the C-Suite of the combined company;
- NESR's right to designate members of the board; and
- NESR initiated the Business Combination.

As a result of the Business Combination, NPS and GES were acquirees and NPS was determined to be the accounting "Predecessor" as the Company expects to use the NPS platform to grow the business as it operates throughout the Middle East and Africa whereas GES is concentrated in Oman. Further, the market size of countries where NPS is operating is much larger than that of GES and the valuation and price paid for NPS was higher than that of GES. The Company's financial statement presentation distinguishes a Predecessor for periods prior to the Closing Date. NESR is the "Successor" for periods after the Closing Date, which includes the consolidated financial results of both NPS and GES. The transactions were accounted for as a business combination using the acquisition method of accounting, and the Successor financial statements reflect a new basis of accounting for both NPS and GES that is based on the fair value of assets acquired and liabilities assumed. See Note 4, Business Combination, for further discussion on the Business Combination. As a result of the application of the acquisition method of accounting as of the Closing Date, the financial statements for the predecessor periods and for the successor period are presented on a different basis of accounting and are, therefore, not comparable. The historical information of NESR prior to the Business Combination has not been reflected in the Company's financial statements prior to June 7, 2018, as it was not deemed the Predecessor. Statement of operations activity of NESR, being nominal in nature, prior to the closing of the Business Combination were recorded in the opening retained earnings as of June 7, 2018 and not presented separately.

In the accompanying condensed consolidated interim financial statements, the successor periods are from June 7, 2018 to June 30, 2018 ("2018 Successor Period"), January 1, 2019 to June 30, 2019 ("2019 Successor Period"), and April 1, 2019 to June 30, 2019 ("2019 Successor Quarter) and the predecessor periods are from January 1, 2018 to June 6, 2018 ("2018 Predecessor Period") and April 1, 2018 to June 6, 2018 ("2018 Predecessor Quarter").

# Emerging growth company

The Company is an "emerging growth company," as defined in Section 2(a) of the U.S. Securities Act of 1933 as amended (the "Securities Act"), as modified by the Jumpstart Our Business Startups Act of 2012, as amended (the "JOBS Act"), and it may take advantage of certain exemptions from various reporting requirements that are applicable to other public companies that are not emerging growth companies including, but not limited to, not being required to comply with the auditor attestation requirements of Section 404 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act.

Further, Section 102(b)(1) of the JOBS Act exempts emerging growth companies from being required to comply with new or revised financial accounting standards until private companies (that is, those that have not had a Securities Act registration statement declared effective or do not have a class of securities registered under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934) are required to comply with the new or revised financial accounting standards. The JOBS Act provides that a company can elect to opt out of the extended transition period and comply with the requirements that apply to non-emerging growth companies but any such election to opt out is irrevocable. The Company has elected not to opt out of such extended transition period, which means that when a standard is issued or revised and it has different application dates for public or private companies, the Company, as an emerging growth company, can adopt the new or revised standard at the time private companies adopt the new or revised standard. This may make a comparison of the Company's condensed consolidated interim financial statements with another public company that is neither an emerging growth company nor an emerging growth company that has opted out of using the extended transition period difficult or impossible because of the potential differences in accounting standards used.

#### Use of estimates

The preparation of condensed consolidated interim financial statements in conformity with U.S. GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the condensed consolidated interim financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. The Company's significant estimates include estimates made towards purchase price allocation for the acquisition of NPS and GES, allowance for doubtful accounts, impairment of property, plant and equipment, goodwill and intangible assets, estimated useful life of property plant and equipment and intangible assets, provision for inventories obsolescence, recoverability of unbilled revenue, provision for liabilities pertaining to unrecognized tax benefits, recoverability of deferred taxes and contingencies and actuarial assumptions in employee benefit plans.

Making estimates requires management to exercise significant judgment. It is at least reasonably possible that the estimate of the effect of a condition, situation or set of circumstances that existed at the date of the condensed consolidated interim financial statements, which management considered in formulating its estimate, could change in the near term due to one or more future confirming events. Accordingly, the actual results could differ significantly from our estimates.

# 3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Supplemental cash flow information

Non-cash transactions were as follows for the 2019 Successor Period:

• Purchases of property, plant, and equipment in accounts payable and short-term debt at June 30, 2019 of \$28.8 million and \$5.1 million, respectively, are not included under "Capital expenditures" within the condensed consolidated statement of cash flows.

On August 28, 2018 the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB"), issued Accounting Standards Update ("ASU") No 2018-14, "Compensation—Retirement Benefits—Defined Benefit Plans—General (Subtopic 715-20): Disclosure Framework—Changes to The Disclosure Requirements for Defined Benefit Plans." ASU No. 2018-14 amends ASC 715 to add, remove, and clarify disclosure requirements related to defined benefit pension and other postretirement plans. The update is effective for the Company for fiscal years ending after December 15, 2021. The Company does not expect the adoption of this standard to have a material impact on its consolidated financial statements.

On August 28, 2018 the FASB issued ASU No 2018-13, "Fair Value Measurement (Topic 820): Disclosure Framework—Changes to the Disclosure Requirements for Fair Value Measurement." ASU No. 2018-13 modifies the disclosure requirements on fair value measurements in Topic 820. The amendments in ASU No. 2018-13 are effective for all entities for fiscal years, and interim periods within those fiscal years, beginning after December 15, 2019. The Company does not expect the adoption of this standard to have a material impact on its consolidated financial statements.

In July 2018, the FASB issued ASU No. 2018-09, "Codification Improvements." ASU 2018-09 makes changes to clarify the Accounting Standards Codification, corrects unintended application of guidance, and makes minor improvements to the Accounting Standards Codification that are not expected to have a significant effect on current accounting practice. The amendments are effective for the Company for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2019 and for interim periods in fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2020. The Company does not expect the adoption of this standard to have a material impact on its consolidated financial statements.

In June 2018, the FASB issued ASU No. 2018-07, "Compensation-Stock Compensation (Topic 718): Improvements to Nonemployee Share-Based Payment Accounting." ASU 2018-07 expands the scope of Topic 718, Compensation—Stock Compensation (which currently only includes share-based payments to employees) to include share-based payments issued to nonemployees for goods or services. Consequently, the accounting for share-based payments to nonemployees and employees will be substantially aligned. The amendments are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2019, and interim periods within those fiscal years. The Company is currently evaluating the impact of this ASU on its consolidated financial statements and expects to complete its evaluation by the third quarter of fiscal 2019.

In January 2017, the FASB issued ASU No. 2017-04 "Simplifying the Test for Goodwill." The update amends Accounting Standard Codification No. 350 Intangibles - Goodwill and Other, provides guidance that simplifies the accounting for goodwill impairment for all entities by requiring impairment charges to be based on the first step in today's two-step impairment test under accounting topic 350. The amendments in this update will be applied prospectively and is effective for annual and interim impairment tests performed in periods beginning after December 15, 2021. The Company does not expect the adoption of this standard to have an impact on its consolidated financial statements.

In June 2016, the FASB issued ASU No. 2016-13, "Financial Instruments-Credit Losses: Measurement of Credit Losses on Financial Instruments". The new standard amends the impairment model for trade receivables, net investments in leases, debt securities, loans and certain other instruments to utilize an expected loss methodology in place of the currently used incurred loss methodology. This pronouncement is effective for annual periods beginning after December 15, 2020, including interim periods within those annual periods. The Company is currently evaluating the provisions of the pronouncement and assessing the impact, if any, on its consolidated financial statements and related disclosures.

In February 2016, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued ASU No. 2016-02, "Leases," a new standard on accounting for leases. This update increases transparency and comparability among organizations by recognizing lease assets and lease liabilities on the balance sheet and disclosing key information about leasing arrangements. At its July 17, 2019, Board meeting, the FASB tentatively deferred the effective date for the Company's consolidated financial statements by one year to as of and for the year ending December 31, 2021 and for interim periods beginning in 2022. The FASB plans to issue a proposed ASU to incorporate this decision. The Company is currently evaluating the provisions of the pronouncement and assessing the impact, if any, on its consolidated financial statements and related disclosures.

On August 6, 2018 the FASB issued ASU No. 2018-11, "Leases (Topic 842): Targeted Improvements." This ASU is intended to reduce costs and ease implementation of the lease standard for financial statement preparers. ASU 2018-11 provides a new transition method and a practical expedient for separating components of a contract. Under this new transition method, an entity initially applies the new leases standard at the adoption date and recognizes a cumulative effect adjustment to the opening balance of retained earnings in the period of adoption. Additionally, the amendments in ASU 2018-11 provide lessors with a practical expedient, by class of underlying asset, to not separate non-lease components from the associated lease component and, instead, to account for those components as a single component if the non-lease components otherwise would be accounted for under the new revenue guidance (Topic 606). At its July 17, 2019, Board meeting, the FASB tentatively deferred the effective date for the Company's consolidated financial statements by one year to as of and for the year ended December 31, 2021 and for interim periods beginning in 2022. The FASB plans to issue a proposed ASU to incorporate this decision. The Company is currently evaluating the provisions of the pronouncement and assessing the impact, if any, on its consolidated financial statements and related disclosures.

In May 2014, the FASB issued ASU No. 2014-09, "Revenue from Contracts with Customers," which outlines a single comprehensive model for entities to use in accounting for revenue. ASU 2014-09 supersedes the revenue recognition requirements in FASB ASC Topic 605, "Revenue Recognition," and most industry-specific guidance. ASU 2014-09 sets forth a five-step model for determining when and how revenue is recognized. Under the model, an entity will be required to recognize revenue to depict the transfer of goods or services to a customer at an amount reflecting the consideration it expects to receive in exchange for those goods or services. In August 2015, the FASB issued ASU No. 2015-14, "Revenue from Contracts with Customers," which deferred the effective date of ASU 2014-09 for all entities by one year and is effective for the Company's consolidated financial statements as of and for the year ending December 31, 2019 and for interim periods beginning in 2020. The Company is currently analyzing the provisions of the pronouncement, assessing the impact of the new standard on revenue contracts, and evaluating prospective disclosures as compared to other industry participants. The Company expects to substantially complete its evaluation and document its conclusions by the end of the third quarter of fiscal 2019. The Company anticipates utilizing the modified retrospective approach for adopting the new standard.

# 4. BUSINESS COMBINATION

On June 6, 2018, NESR consummated the Business Combination and related financing transactions, acquiring all of the issued and outstanding equity interests of NPS and GES.

# Accounting treatment

The Business Combination is accounted for under ASC 805. Pursuant to ASC 805, NESR has been determined to be the accounting acquirer. Refer to Note 2, Basis of Presentation, for more information. NPS and GES both constitute businesses, with inputs, processes, and outputs. Accordingly, the acquisition of NPS and GES both constitute the acquisition of a business for purposes of ASC 805 and due to the change in control of each of NPS and GES was accounted for using the acquisition method. NESR recorded the fair value of assets acquired and liabilities assumed from NPS and GES.

The following table summarizes the final allocation of the purchase price (in thousands):

#### Allocation of consideration

	_	NPS	GES		
		(In thousands	)		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	31,656 \$	5,206		
Accounts receivable		55,392	18,013		
Unbilled revenue		41,378	45,343		
Inventories		33,652	31,092		
Current assets		19,463	8,719		
Property, plant and equipment		216,094	91,444		
Intangible assets		94,000	53,000		
Deferred tax assets		-	554		
Other assets		7,457	1,254		
Total identifiable assets acquired		499,092	254,625		
Accounts payable		26,457	31,113		
Accrued expenses		28,685	25,388		
Current portion of loans and borrowings		-	16,368		
Short-term borrowings		55,836	9,000		
Current liabilities		3,665	15,449		
Loans and borrowings		149,399	25,098		
Deferred tax liabilities		24,098	8,053		
Other liabilities		22,363	9,910		
Non-controlling interest		(2,841)	837		
Net identifiable liabilities acquired	·	307,662	141,216		
Total fair value of net assets acquired		191,328	113,409		
Goodwill		399,325	175,439		
Total gross consideration	\$	590,755 \$	288,848		

In the 2019 Successor Period, the Company updated its valuation of certain identifiable assets and liabilities. These measurement period changes resulted in an increase of \$3.2 million to goodwill in the 2019 Successor Period as compared to the amounts recorded as of December 31, 2018. For NPS, current liabilities increased by \$3.2 million in the 2019 Successor Period due to income tax return-to-accrual adjustments that resulted from the filing of the 2018 income tax returns. For GES, other liabilities increased by \$1.1 million due to an additional provision for uncertain tax positions.

The impact of these adjustments on the 2019 Successor Period was not material to the condensed consolidated interim financial statements.

Intangible assets were identified that met either the separability criterion or the contractual-legal criterion described in ASC 805. The final allocation to intangible assets is as follows (in thousands):

	-	-air vaiue						
 NPS		GES Total			Useful Life			
 (In thousands)								
\$ 77,000	\$	44,500	\$	121,500	10 years			
17,000		8,500		25,500	8 years			
\$ 94,000	\$	53,000	\$	147,000				
\$	\$ 77,000 17,000	NPS (In \$ 77,000 \$ 17,000	(In thousands) \$ 77,000 \$ 44,500 17,000 8,500	NPS         GES           (In thousands)         \$ 44,500           17,000         8,500	NPS         GES         Total           (In thousands)           \$ 77,000         \$ 44,500         \$ 121,500           17,000         8,500         25,500			

#### Goodwill

\$574.8 million has been allocated to goodwill as of June 30, 2019. Goodwill represents the excess of the gross consideration transferred over the fair value of the underlying net tangible and identifiable definite-lived intangible assets acquired. The goodwill is not amortizable for tax purposes. Qualitative factors that contribute to the recognition of goodwill include certain intangible assets that are not recognized as separate identifiable intangible assets apart from goodwill. Intangible assets not recognized apart from goodwill consist primarily of the strong market positions and the assembled workforces at the Subsidiaries.

In accordance with FASB ASC Topic 350, "Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets," goodwill will not be amortized, but instead will be tested for impairment at least annually or more frequently if certain indicators are present. In the event management determines that the value of goodwill has become impaired, an accounting charge for the amount of impairment during the period in which the determination is made may be recognized.

# Unaudited pro forma information

The following table summarizes the supplemental consolidated results of the Company on an unaudited pro forma basis, as if the Business Combination had been consummated on January 1, 2017 for the Predecessor Period and Predecessor Quarter ended June 6, 2018 (in thousands):

	Period from	Period from
	January 1 to	April 1 to
	June 30, 2018	June 30, 2018
Revenues	248,915	131,357
Net income	10,162	8,534

These pro forma results were based on estimates and assumptions, which the Company believes are reasonable. They are not the results that would have been realized had the Company been a combined company during the periods presented and are not necessarily indicative of consolidated results of operations in future periods. The pro forma results include adjustments primarily related to purchase accounting adjustments. Acquisition costs and other non-recurring charges incurred in connection with the Business Combination are included in the earliest period presented.

# 5. ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

The following table summarizes the accounts receivable of the Company as of the period end dates set forth below (in thousands):

	Jun	e 30, 2019	December 31, 2018
Trade receivables	\$	103,181	\$ 63,329
Less: allowance for doubtful accounts		(450)	(693)
Total	\$	102,731	\$ 62,636

Trade receivables relate to the sale of services, for which credit is extended based on our evaluation of the customer's credit-worthiness. The gross contractual amounts of trade receivables at June 30, 2019 and December 31, 2018 were \$107.8 million and \$69.1 million, respectively. Movement in the allowance for doubtful accounts is as follows (in thousands):

	Period from April 1, 2019 to June 30, 2019	Period from June 7, 2018 to June 30, 2018	Period from April 1, 2018 to June 6, 2018
	Successo	<u> </u>	Predecessor (NPS)
Allowance for doubtful accounts at beginning of period	(760)	-	(4,106)
Add: additional allowance for the year	(339)	-	(2,402)
Less: bad debt expense	649	-	-
Allowance for doubtful accounts at end of period	(450)	-	(6,508)
	Period from January 1, 2019 to June 30, 2019	Period from June 7, 2018 to June 30, 2018	Period from January 1, 2018 to June 6, 2018
	Successo	r (NESR)	Predecessor (NPS)
		. (0)	1 10000000 (111 0)
Allowance for doubtful accounts at beginning of period	(693)	-	(4,106)
Allowance for doubtful accounts at beginning of period Add: additional allowance for the year		-	
	(693)		(4,106)

#### **6. SERVICE INVENTORIES**

The following table summarizes the service inventories of the Company as of the period end dates set forth below (in thousands):

	Jun	ne 30, 2019	Decem	ber 31, 2018
Chave nexts	Ф	24.000	Φ.	20,000
Spare parts	\$	34,923	\$	29,928
Chemicals		15,247		14,803
Raw materials		3,432		200
Consumables		13,666		14,375
Total		67,268		59,306
Less: allowance for obsolete and slow-moving inventories	•	(2,211)		(1,155)
Total	\$	65,057	\$	58,151

# 7. PROPERTY, PLANT, & EQUIPMENT

Property, plant and equipment, net of accumulated depreciation, of the Company consists of the following as of the period end dates set forth below (in thousands):

	Useful Lives (in years)	June 30, 2019	December 31, 2018
Buildings and leasehold improvements	5 to 25	\$ 21,525	\$ 21,572
Drilling rigs, plant and equipment	3 to 15	321,214	278,249
Furniture and fixtures	5	1,525	1,348
Office equipment and tools	3 to 6	34,011	31,568
Vehicles and cranes	5 to 8	6,967	4,179
Less: Accumulated depreciation		(62,897)	(32,522)
Land		5,104	5,104
Capital work in progress		26,585	19,229
Total		\$ 354,034	\$ 328,727

The Company recorded depreciation expense of \$30.5 million, \$16.0 million, \$3.2 million, \$6.9 million and \$9.3 million, in the 2019 Successor Period, 2019 Successor Quarter, 2018 Successor Period, 2018 Predecessor Period, and 2018 Predecessor Quarter, respectively, in the Condensed Consolidated Statement of Operations.

# 8. GOODWILL AND INTANGIBLE ASSETS

# Goodwill

Changes in the carrying amount of goodwill of the Company between December 31, 2018 and June 30, 2019 are as follows (in thousands):

			Drilling and	
			Evaluation	
	Produc	tion Services	Services	Goodwill
Balance as of December 31, 2018	\$	416,494	154,046	570,540
Measurement period adjustments		3,152	1,072	4,224
Balance as of June 30, 2019	\$	419,646	155,118	574,764

Intangible assets subject to amortization, net

The following is the weighted average amortization period for intangible assets of the Company subject to amortization (in years):

	Amortization
Customer contracts	10
Trademarks and trade names	8
Total intangible assets	9.6

The details of our intangible assets subject to amortization are set forth below (in thousands):

		Jun	ie 30, 2019			Decem	ber 31, 2018	
	Gross carrying amount		cumulated ortization	Net carrying amount	Gross carrying amount		umulated ortization	Net carrying amount
Customer contracts	\$ 121,500	\$	(13,164)	\$ 108,338	\$ 121,500	\$	(7,088)	\$ 114,412
Trademarks and trade names	25,500		(3,453)	22,047	25,500		(1,860)	23,640
Total intangible assets	\$ 147,000	\$	(16,617)	\$ 130,383	\$ 147,000	\$	(8,948)	\$ 138,052

Short-term debt

The Company's short-term debt obligations consist of the following (in thousands):

	Jun	June 30, 2019		December 31, 2018	
Modified Hana Loan	\$	-	\$	10,000	
Other short-term borrowings	·	5,267	•	21,817	
Short-term debt, excluding current installments of long-term debt	\$	5,267	\$	31,817	

Other short-term borrowings consist of financings for capital equipment purchases, factoring of invoices and letters of credit.

#### Hana Loan and Modified Hana Loan agreements

In connection with the Business Combination, on June 5, 2018, NESR entered into a loan agreement with Hana Investments pursuant to which NESR borrowed \$50.0 million on an unsecured basis (the "Hana Loan"). The Hana Loan had a scheduled maturity date of December 17, 2018 and was interest bearing, accruing interest at the greater of (i) an amount equal to \$4.0 million or prorated if the loan was prepaid; and (ii) at a rate per annum equal to one-month Intercontinental Exchange LIBOR, adjusted monthly on the first day of each calendar month, plus a margin of 2.25% payable on maturity or prepaid. The interest was payable in NESR ordinary shares or cash at the election of the lender. The loan was subject to an origination fee of \$0.6 million payable in NESR ordinary shares at \$11.244 per share, which resulted in the issuance of 53,362 shares at closing of the Business Combination.

During 2018, the Company paid \$44 million for both principal and interest in cash on the Hana Loan and entered into an extension (the "Modified Hana Loan") for the balance of the loan which was fully repaid with cash during January 2019. The terms and conditions contained in the Hana Loan remained unchanged in the Modified Hana Loan.

Long-term debt

The Company's long-term debt obligations consist of the following (in thousands):

	Jur	ne 30, 2019	Dec	ember 31, 2018
Secured Term Loan	\$	300,000	\$	-
Secured Revolving Credit Facility		65,000		
Murabaha credit facility		-		150,000
APICORP bilateral term facility		-		46,875
SABB bilateral term facility		-		43,333
Term loan Ahli Bank		-		2,382
NBO loan \$60,000		-		23,333
NBO loan \$20,000		-		4,899
Less: unamortized debt issuance costs		(3,766)		(557)
Total loans and borrowings	<u> </u>	361,234		270,265
Less: current portion of long-term debt		-		(45,093)
Long-term debt, net unamortized debt issuance costs and excluding current installments	\$	361,234	\$	225,172

# Secured Facilities Agreement

On May 5, 2019, the Company entered into a \$450.0 million term loan, revolving credit, and working capital facilities agreement (the "Secured Facilities Agreement") with Arab Petroleum Investments Corporation ("APICORP") – Bahrain Banking Branch, HSBC Bank Middle East Limited ("HSBC"), Mashreqbank PSC and Saudi British Bank acting as initial mandated lead arrangers and bookrunners, Mashreqbank PSC acting as global agent, APICORP and Mashreqbank PSC acting as security agents, NPS Bahrain for Oil & Gas Wells Services WLL, Gulf Energy SAOC and National Petroleum Technology Company as borrowers, and HSBC, Mashreqbank PSC, APICORP and Saudi British Bank, as the "Lenders." Upon consummation of this transaction, the Company settled its existing debt obligations with the exception of a \$30.1 million working capital facility with HSBC, described below, used for the issuance of letters of guarantee and letters of credit

On May 23, 2019 and June 20, 2019, the Company entered into \$35.0 million and \$40.0 million Incremental Facilities Agreements, respectively, increasing the size of the Secured Facilities Agreement to \$485.0 million and \$525.0 million, respectively.

The \$525.0 million Secured Facilities Agreement consists of a \$300.0 million term loan due 2025 (the "Term Loan" or "Secured Term Loan"), a \$65.0 million Revolving Credit Facility ("RCF" or "Secured Revolving Credit Facility") due 2023, and a \$160.0 million working capital facility. Borrowings under the Term Loan and RCF incur interest at the rate of three-month LIBOR plus 2.4% to 2.7% per annum, varying based on the Company's Net Debt / EBITDA ratio. As of June 30, 2019, this results in an interest rate of 2.40%. The Company has drawn \$300.0 million of the Term Loan and \$65.0 million of the RCF as of June 30, 2019.

The RCF was obtained for general corporate and working capital purposes including capital expenditure related requirements and acquisitions (including transaction related expenses). The RCF requires the payment of a commitment fee each quarter. The commitment fee is computed at the rate of 0.60% per annum based on the average daily amount by which the borrowing base exceeds the outstanding borrowings during each quarter. Under the terms of the RCF, the final settlement is due by May 6, 2023. The Company is required to repay the amount of any principal balance outstanding together with any unpaid accumulated interest at three-month LIBOR plus 2.4% to 2.7% per annum, varying based on the Company's Net Debt / EBITDA ratio. The Company is permitted to make any prepayment under this RCF in multiples of \$5.0 million during this 4-year period up to May 6, 2023. Any unutilized balances from the RCF can be drawn down again during the 4-year tenure at the same terms.

The Secured Facilities Agreement also includes a working capital facility of \$160.0 million for issuance of letters of guarantee and letters of credit and refinancing letters of credit over a period of one year, which carries an interest rate equal to three-month U.S. Dollar LIBOR for the applicable interest period, plus

a margin of 1.00% to 1.25% per annum. As of June 30, 2019, the Company had utilized \$93.1 million under this working capital facility and the balance of \$66.9 million was available to the Company.

The Company has also retained legacy bilateral working capital facilities from HSBC totaling \$30.1 million in Qatar (\$16.4 million), in UAE (\$13.6 million) and Kuwait (\$0.1 million). As of June 30, 2019, the Company had utilized \$29.0 million under this working capital facility and the balance of \$1.1 million was available to the Company.

Amounts utilized entails that Company has utilized both the facilities by issuing letters of credit to its vendors under both working capital facilities but it still remains off balance sheet until drawn. Once the Company draws the letter of credit to settle any vendor dues, it is classified as short-term borrowings until repaid.

The Secured Facilities Agreement includes covenants that specify maximum leverage (Net Debt / EBITDA) up to 3.50, minimum debt service coverage ratio (Cash Flow / Debt Service) of at least 1.25, and interest coverage (EBITDA / Interest) of at least 4.00. The Company is in compliance with all financial covenants as of June 30, 2019.

# Other debt information

Scheduled principal payments of long-term debt for periods subsequent to June 30, 2019 are as follows (in thousands):

2019	\$ -
2020	15,000
2021	37,500
2022	45,000
2023	110,000
2024	45,000
Thereafter	112,500
Total	\$ 365,000

# 10. FAIR VALUE ACCOUNTING

The Company's financial instruments consist of cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable, unbilled revenue, accounts payable, loans and borrowings and an embedded derivative. The fair value of the Company's financial instruments approximates the carrying amounts represented in the accompanying balance sheets, primarily due to their short-term nature. The fair value of the Company's long-term borrowings also approximates the carrying amounts as these loans are carrying interest at the market rate.

#### 11. EMPLOYEE BENEFITS

#### Defined benefit plan

The Company provides defined benefit plan of severance pay to the eligible employees. The severance pay plan provides for a lump sum payment to employees on separation (retirement, resignation, death while in employment or on termination of employment) of an amount based upon the employees last drawn salary and length of service, subject to the completion of minimum service period (1-2 years) and taking into account the provisions of local applicable law or as per employee contract. The Company records annual amounts relating to these long-term employee benefits based on calculations that incorporate various actuarial and other assumptions, including discount rates, mortality, assumed rates of return, compensation increases and turnover rates. The Company reviews its assumptions on an annual basis and makes modifications to the assumptions based on current rates and trends when it is appropriate to do so. The effect of modifications to those assumptions is recorded in the Condensed Consolidated Statement of Operations. The Company believes that the assumptions utilized in recording its obligations under its plans are reasonable based on its experience and market conditions. The net periodic costs are recognized as employees render the services necessary to earn these benefits.

The Components of net period benefit cost were as follows (in thousands):

	Period from January 1, 2019 to June 30, 2019	Period from June 7, 2018 to June 30, 2018	Period from January 1, 2018 to June 6, 2018
	Successor	(NESR)	Predecessor (NPS)
Service Cost	1,440	189	866
Interest Cost	176	30	168
Other	55	(11)	375
Net Cost	1,671	208	1,409
	Period from	Period from	Period from
	April 1, 2019 to	June 7, 2018 to	April 1, 2018 to
	June 30, 2019	June 30, 2018	June 6, 2018
	Successor	(NESR)	Predecessor (NPS)
Service Cost	591	189	347
Interest Cost	43	30	67
Other	66	(11)	188
Net Cost	700	208	602

The Company made contributions to its defined benefit plan of \$1.1 million, \$0.1 million, \$0.2 million, \$0.7 million and \$0.1 million, in the 2019 Successor Period, 2019 Successor Quarter, 2018 Successor Period, 2018 Predecessor Period, and 2018 Predecessor Quarter, respectively, in the Condensed Consolidated Statement of Operations. The scheme of the Company is unfunded.

#### Defined contribution plan

The Company also provides a defined contribution retirement plan and occupational hazard insurance for Omani employees. Contributions to a defined contribution retirement plan and occupational hazard insurance for Omani employees in accordance with the Omani Social Insurances Law are recognized as an expense in the Condensed Consolidated Statement of Operations as incurred. Total contributions were \$1.6 million, \$0.8 million and \$0.3 million, for the 2019 Successor Period, 2019 Successor Quarter, and 2018 Successor Period, respectively, in the Condensed Consolidated Statement of Operations.

# 12. SHARE-BASED COMPENSATION

On May 18, 2018, the NESR shareholders approved the NESR 2018 Long Term Incentive Plan (the "LTIP"), effective upon the closing of the Business Combination. The board of directors previously approved the LTIP on February 9, 2018, including the performance criteria upon which performance goals may be based. A total of 5,000,000 ordinary shares are reserved for issuance under the LTIP.

The purpose of the LTIP is to enhance NESR's ability to attract, retain and motivate persons who make (or are expected to make) important contributions to NESR by providing these individuals with equity ownership opportunities. The Company intends to use share-based awards to reward long-term performance of the executive officers. The Company believes that providing a meaningful portion of the total compensation package in the form of share-based awards will align the incentives of its executive officers with the interests of its shareholders and serve to motivate and retain the individual executive officers.

The following table sets forth the LTIP activity for the periods indicated:

	Number of	Weighted Av	erage Grant Date Fair
	Restricted Shares	Val	ue per Share
Unvested at December 31, 2018 (NESR - Successor)	725,200	\$	11.15
Granted	970,000	\$	10.36
Vested	-		
Forfeited	(95,000)	\$	10.86
Unvested at June 30, 2019 (NESR - Successor)	1,600,200	\$	10.59
	Number of	Weighted Av	erage Grant Date Fair
	Number of Restricted Shares	•	rerage Grant Date Fair ue per Share
Unvested at March 31, 2019 (NESR - Successor)		•	•
Universited at March 31, 2019 (NESR - Successor) Granted	Restricted Shares	Val	ue per Share
, (	Restricted Shares 725,200	Val	ue per Share
Granted	Restricted Shares 725,200 970,000	Val	ue per Share

At June 30, 2019, we had unrecognized compensation expense of \$13.8 million related to unvested LTIP to be recognized on a straight-line basis over a weighted average remaining period of 2.49 years. The amount of stock-based compensation expense was \$2.1 million and \$1.4 million for the 2019 Successor Period and 2019 Successor Quarter, respectively. Expenses for the 2019 Successor Period were recorded for \$1.0 million in costs of services and \$1.1 million in selling, general and administrative services in the Condensed Consolidated Statement of Operations. Expenses for the 2019 Successor Quarter were recorded for \$0.7 million in costs of services and \$0.7 million in selling, general and administrative services in the Condensed Consolidated Statement of Operations. There is no income tax impact of the stock-based compensation recorded by the Company.

# 13. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

# Capital expenditure commitments

The Company was committed to incur capital expenditures of \$44.9 million at June 30, 2019. These commitments are expected to be settled during 2019 and 2020.

# Operating lease commitments

Future minimum lease commitments under non-cancellable operating leases with initial or remaining terms of one year or more at June 30, 2019, are payable as follows (in thousands):

2019	\$ 1,846
2020	3,444
2021	3,296
2022	2,927
2023	2,791
2024	2,792
Thereafter	4,425
Total	\$ 21,521

The Company recorded rental expense of \$56.4 million, \$30.9 million, \$6.3 million, \$19.5 million, and \$9.2 million, in the 2019 Successor Period, 2019 Successor Quarter, 2018 Successor Period, 2018 Predecessor Period, and 2018 Predecessor Quarter, respectively, in the Condensed Consolidated Statement of Operations.

#### Other commitments

The Company has outstanding letters of credit amounting to \$41.7 million and \$10.3 million as of June 30, 2019 and December 31, 2018, respectively.

In the normal course of business with customers, vendors and others, we have entered into off-balance sheet arrangements, such as surety bonds for performance, and other bank issued guarantees, including cash margin guarantees, which totaled \$109.2 million and \$41.4 million as of June 30, 2019 and December 31, 2018, respectively. A liability is accrued when a loss is both probable and can be reasonably estimated. None of the off-balance sheet arrangements either has, or is likely to have, a material effect on our condensed consolidated interim financial statements.

As of June 30, 2019, and December 31, 2018, the Company had a liability of \$6.7 million and \$6.7 million, respectively, on the consolidated balance sheet included in the line item "Other liabilities" reflecting various liabilities associated with the 2014 acquisition of NPS Bahrain.

#### Registration rights

The Company is a party to various registration rights agreements with holders of its securities. These registration rights agreements provide certain holders with demand and "piggyback" registration rights, and holders have other rights to require the Company to register for resale such securities pursuant to Rule 415 under the Securities Act. The registration rights are subject to various limitations. The Company generally bears the expenses incurred in connection with the filing of any such registration statements. On July 16, 2018, the Company filed a registration statement on Form F-3 pursuant to certain registration statement on Form F-3 pursuant to certain registration statement on Form F-3 pursuant to certain registration rights agreements, which was declared effective on March 4, 2019.

# Legal proceedings

The Company is involved in certain legal proceedings which arise in the ordinary course of business and the outcomes of which are currently subject to uncertainties and therefore the probability of a loss, if any, being sustained and an estimate of the amount of any loss are difficult to ascertain. Consequently, it is not possible to make a reasonable estimate of the expected financial effect, if any, that will result from ultimate resolution of these disputes. The Company is contesting these claims/disputes and the Company's management currently believes that provision against these potential claims is not required as the ultimate outcome of these disputes would not have a material impact on the Company's business, financial condition or results of operations.

#### 14. EQUITY

The Company is authorized to issue an unlimited number of ordinary shares, no par value, and preferred shares, no par value. The Company's ordinary shares are entitled to one vote for each share. As of June 30, 2019, there were 86,896,779 ordinary shares outstanding, 22,921,700 public warrants and 12,618,680 private warrants. Each warrant entitles the registered holder to purchase one-half of one ordinary share at a price of \$5.75 per half share at any time commencing on July 6, 2018 (30 days after the completion of the Business Combination). The warrants must be exercised for whole ordinary shares. The warrants expire on June 6, 2023 (five years after the completion of the Business Combination). The private warrants are identical to the public warrants except that such warrants are exercisable for cash (even if a registration statement covering the ordinary shares issuable upon exercise of such warrants is not effective) or on a cashless basis, at the holder's option, and will not be redeemable so long as they are still held by the initial purchasers or their affiliates. No public warrants are exercisable for cash unless there is an effective and current registration statement covering the ordinary shares issuable upon exercise of the warrants and a current prospectus relating to such ordinary shares.

The Company is authorized to issue an unlimited number of preferred shares divided into five classes with designations, voting and other rights and preferences as may be determined from time to time by the Board of Directors. As of June 30, 2019, there were no preferred shares issued or outstanding.

At the Closing Date, there were 11,730,425 ordinary shares outstanding that were not subject to possible redemption and 16,921,700 ordinary shares that were subject to possible redemption as a result of the Business Combination that were recorded outside of permanent equity as a liability on NESR's consolidated balance sheet. On the Closing Date, the 16,921,700 ordinary shares were reclassed to permanent equity at the fair value of \$165.2 million (redemption value of \$10.11 per share less \$0.35 underwriting fee per share or \$9.76 per share). Of the ordinary shares reclassed, 1,916,511 ordinary shares were redeemed for \$19.4 million (\$10.11 per share). In connection with the completion of the Business Combination, \$3.7 million in NESR ordinary shares (307,465) was issued for underwriting fees.

Pursuant to the NPS Stock Purchase Agreement dated November 12, 2017, Hana Investments exchanged its portion of the acquired NPS shares, totaling 83,660,878 shares, for 13,340,448 NESR ordinary shares, including accrued interest, at the time that NESR completed the Business Combination. At closing of the Business Combination, NESR purchased the remaining outstanding NPS shares with \$292.8 million in cash and 11,318,828 NESR ordinary shares, subject to certain adjustments. Also, on the Closing Date, the Company paid interest totaling \$4.7 million in stock (418,001 ordinary shares) to Hana Investments.

As discussed in Note 9, Debt, on June 5, 2018, in connection with the Business Combination, NESR entered into the Hana Loan with Hana Investments pursuant to which NESR borrowed \$50.0 million on an unsecured basis. The loan was subject to an origination fee of \$0.6 million payable in NESR ordinary shares at \$11.244 per share, which resulted in the issuance of 53,362 shares at closing of the Business Combination.

In connection with the Business Combination, on June 5, 2018, the Company entered into a Relationship Agreement with Hana Investments (the "Olayan Relationship Agreement"), to set out certain rights to which Hana Investments will be entitled as a shareholder of the Company and certain obligations of the Company and NESR Holdings. The Company reimbursed Hana Investments for transaction fees and expenses in the amount of \$2.1 million through the issuance of NESR ordinary shares at a conversion rate of \$11.244 per share (213,447 ordinary shares) at closing of the Business Combination.

On June 6, 2018, NESR acquired 88% of the outstanding shares of GES from certain owners of GES in exchange for the issuance of 25,309,848 NESR ordinary shares, and NESR Holdings acquired the remaining 12% of the outstanding shares of GES for a total cash purchase price of \$29.3 million as discussed in Note 4, Business Combination. NESR Holdings organized financing of the acquisition through certain loan contracts and assigned the GES shares which it acquired to NESR, and NESR assumed the obligation to satisfy the loan contracts. NESR elected to issue NESR ordinary shares to satisfy the loan contracts and issued a total of 3,036,381 NESR ordinary shares in settlement of the loan contracts and accrued interest.

In connection with the Business Combination, on April 27, 2018, the Company entered into the Forward Purchase Agreement with MEA Energy Investment Company 2 Ltd. (the "Backstop Investor"), pursuant to which the Company agreed to sell up to \$150 million of the Company's ordinary shares to the Backstop Investor or its designees and commonly controlled affiliates. On the Closing Date, the Company drew down \$48,293,763 under the primary placement of the Forward Purchase Agreement and issued 4,829,375 ordinary shares to the Backstop Investor.

In February 2019, pursuant to the NPS Stock Purchase Agreement, the Company issued to the NPS selling shareholders 1,300,214 NESR ordinary shares to satisfy its obligation in connection with the NPS Equity Stock Earn-Out, a contingent consideration obligation arising from its acquisition of NPS in 2018 and based on the 2018 EBITDA (earnings before income taxes, depreciation and amortization) of NESR satisfying scheduled financial thresholds. As of year-end 2018, the Company presented its \$10.5 million obligation under the terms of the NPS Equity Stock Earn-Out arrangement as part of Other current liabilities. It was reclassified to Additional paid in capital in the first quarter of 2019 when the shares were issued.

# 15. INCOME PER SHARE

Basic income per common share was computed using the two-class method by dividing basic net income attributable to common shareholders by the weighted-average number of common shares outstanding. Diluted income per common share was computed using the two-class method by dividing diluted net income attributable to common shareholders by the weighted-average number of common shares outstanding plus dilutive common equivalent shares. Dilutive common equivalent shares include all in-the-money outstanding contracts to issue common shares as if they were exercised or converted.

2018 Predecessor Period and 2018 Predecessor Quarter

The following table sets forth the calculation of basic and diluted earnings per common share for the periods presented (in thousands except shares and per share amounts):

	2018	2018
	Period from	Period from
	January 1 to	April 1 to
	June 6, 2018	June 6, 2018
Weighted average basic common shares outstanding	348,524,566	348,524,566
Dilutive potential common shares	21,475,434	21,475,434
Weighted average dilutive common shares outstanding	370,000,000	370,000,000
Basic:		
Net Income	6,736	1,283
Less: Earnings allocated to participating securities	192	(6)
Net income available to basic common shares	6,928	1,277
Basic earnings per common share	0.02	0.00
Diluted:		
Net Income	6,736	1,283
Less: Earnings allocated to participating securities	181	(6)
Net income available to diluted common shares	6,917	1,277
Diluted earnings per common share	0.02	0.00

2018 Successor Period

Basic EPS (in thousands except shares and per share amounts):

	Change in		i otai Snares		
Transaction Detail	Shares		Outstanding		
Beginning balance			11,730,425		
Shares issued to Backstop Investor	4,82	9,375	16,559,800		
Shares issued for IPO underwriting fees	30	7,465	16,867,265		
Shares issued to NPS/GES	53,69	0,315	70,557,580		
Reclassification of shares previously subject to redemption, net of shares redeemed	15,00	5,189	85,562,769		
Ending balance			85,562,769		
	Ва	asic			
Net income (loss) available to common (basic)	\$	(3,965)			
		, ,			
Weighted average number of shares		85,562,769			
Net loss per share (basic)	\$	(0.05)			
Diluted EPS (in thousands except shares and per share amounts):					
Net income (loss) available to common (diluted)	\$	(3,965)			
Weighted average units outstanding		85,562,769			
Dilutive common shares		-			
Weighted average dilutive units outstanding		85,562,769			
Net loss per share (diluted)	\$	(0.05)			

Total Shares

Period from January 1, 2019 to June 30, 2019

Change in

2019 Successor Period and 2019 Successor Quarter

The following tables provide a reconciliation of the data used in the calculation of basic and diluted ordinary shares outstanding for the period (in thousands except shares and per share amounts).

 Date	Transaction Detail	Change in Shares	Weighted Average Ordinary Shares Outstanding
December 31, 2018	Beginning Balance		85,562,769
January 9, 2019	Other	33,796	32,302
February 19, 2019	NPS equity stock earn- out	1,300,214	1,300,214
June 30, 2019	Ending Balance		86,895,285

Transaction Detail	Change in Shares	April 1, 2019 to June 30, 2019 Weighted Average Ordinary Shares Outstanding
Beginning Balance		86,896,779
Ending Balance		86,896,779
Janua Jur Shares for	ary 1, 2019 to ne 30, 2019 Use in Allocation	Period from April 1, 2019 to June 30, 2019 Shares for Use in Allocation to Participating Earnings
	86,895,285	86,896,779
	1,600,200	1,600,200
	88,495,485	88,496,979
	Beginning Balance Ending Balance Pe Janua Jur Shares for	Transaction Detail Shares  Beginning Balance

Period from

	Period from January 1 to June 30, 2019	Period from April 1 to June 30, 2019
Net income	24,530	11,356
Less dividends to:	-	-
Ordinary Shares	-	-
Non-vested participating shares	-	-
Undistributed Successor Period Earnings	24,530	11,356
Allocation of earnings to Ordinary Shares	24,086	11,151
Allocation of earnings to Nonvested Shares	444	205
	Ordinary Shares	Ordinary Shares
Distributed Earnings	-	-
Undistributed Earnings	0.28	0.13
Total	0.28	0.13

Diluted earnings per share (EPS):

	Р	eriod from J	anuary 1 to June	30, 2019	Period from April 1 to June 30, 2019				
Ordinary shares	& di ear o	Undistributed & distributed earnings to ordinary shareholders shares		EPS	Undistributed & distributed earnings to ordinary shareholders		Ordinary shares	EPS	
As reported — basic	\$	24,086	86,895,285	0.28	\$	11,151	86,896,779	0.13	
Add-back: Undistributed earnings allocated to nonvested shareholders 12,618,680 Private Warrants @ \$5.75 per half share (anti-dilutive)		444				205			
22,921,700 Public Warrants @ \$5.75 per half share (anti-dilutive)		-				-			
Less: Undistributed earnings reallocated to nonvested shareholders		(444)				(205)			
Diluted EPS — Ordinary shares	\$	24,086	86,895,285	0.28	\$	11,151	86,896,779	0.13	

Warrants that could be converted into as many as 17,770,190 ordinary shares are excluded from diluted EPS as they are anti-dilutive.

# 16. INCOME TAXES

NESR is a holding company incorporated in the British Virgin Islands which imposes a zero percent statutory corporate income tax rate on income generated outside of the British Virgin Islands. The Subsidiaries operate in multiple tax jurisdictions throughout the MENA and Asia Pacific regions. NPS is based in the Emirate of Dubai in the UAE where no federal taxation exists and operates in 12 countries, where statutory tax rates generally vary from 0% to 35%. GES is based in the Sultanate of Oman, which has a 15% statutory corporate income tax rate, and also operates in Saudi Arabia, Algeria and Kuwait.

The Company's effective tax rate was 23.2%, 28.2%, 20.6%, 25.8% and 51.4%, in the 2019 Successor Period, 2019 Successor Quarter, 2018 Successor Period, 2018 Predecessor Period, and 2018 Predecessor Quarter, respectively, in the Condensed Consolidated Statement of Operations. The tax rate for the 2018 Predecessor Quarter was higher at 51.4% as compared to the 2018 Successor Period because of losses incurred in some of the NPS entities during the 2018 Predecessor Period with no related tax benefits. The tax rates for the successor periods have varied from 20.6% to 28.2%, with differences primarily attributable to revenue mix by country between periods and the impact of revisions to the forecasted estimated annual effective tax rate used to determine interim period income tax provisions.

#### 17. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

# Mubadarah Investment LLC ("Mubadarah")

GES leases office space in a building it owns in Muscat, Oman to Mubadarah along with other Mubadarah group entities (collectively, the "Mubadarah group entities"). GES charges rental income to the Mubadarah group entities for the occupation of the office space, based on usage. Rental income charged by GES to the Mubadarah group entities amounted to \$119,000, \$59,000, and \$14,000 in the 2019 Successor Period, 2019 Successor Quarter, and 2018 Successor Period, respectively, in the Condensed Consolidated Statement of Operations. The outstanding balance of receivables from Mubadarah was \$1.0 million at June 30, 2019. Mubadarah is owned by Hilal Al Busaidy and Yasser Al Barami, and, collectively with Mubadarah, they own 21.6% of the Company.

# Prime Business Solutions LLC ("PBS")

PBS is 100% owned by Mubadarah Business Solutions LLC and is involved in the development and maintenance of Enterprise Resource Planning ("ERP") systems.

PBS has developed and implemented the GEARS (ERP) system for GES and is currently engaged to maintain it. GES has not paid any maintenance fees to PBS in the 2019 Successor Period or 2019 Successor Quarter.

#### Key Management and Founders

Hilal Al Busaidy and Yasser Al Barami are both founding shareholders of GES. Certain shares owned by them were converted into NESR ordinary shares as part of the Business Combination.

# 18. REPORTABLE SEGMENTS

Operating segments are components of an enterprise where separate financial information is available that are evaluated regularly by the Company's chief operating decision maker ("CODM") in deciding how to allocate resources and in assessing performance. The Company reports segment information based on the "management" approach and its CODM is its Chief Executive Officer.

The Company's services are similar to one another in that they consist of oilfield services and related offerings, whose customers are oil and gas companies. The results of operations of the service offerings are regularly reviewed by the CODM for the Company for the purposes of determining resource and asset allocation and assessing performance. The Company has determined that it has two reportable segments, Production Services and Drilling and Evaluation Services. Management evaluates the operating results of its reportable segments primarily based on revenue and segment EBITDA. The Company defines EBITDA as net income adjusted for interest expense, depreciation and amortization, and income tax benefit or expense. Segment EBITDA does not include general corporate expenses as these expenses are not allocated to the Company's reportable segments and not reported to the Company's CODM.

Segment EBITDA is not a measure of financial performance under U.S. GAAP and should not be considered an alternative to net income, the most directly comparable GAAP measure or any other measure of financial performance presented in accordance with U.S. GAAP. Our calculation of Segment EBITDA may not be comparable to that reported by other companies. The Company believes that the presentation of Segment EBITDA enables the Company and its shareholders to better assess each segment's operating results relative to its operating results in prior periods and improves the comparability of the information presented. Investors should consider this non-GAAP measure in the context of the Company's GAAP results.

Production Services that are offered depend on the well life cycle in which the services may fall. They include, but are not limited to, the following types of service offerings: coil tubing, stimulation and pumping, nitrogen services, completions, pipelines, cementing, laboratory services and filtration services.

Drilling and Evaluation Services generates its revenue from the following service offerings: drilling and workover rigs, rig services, drilling services and rentals, fishing and remedials, directional drilling, turbines drilling, drilling fluids, wireline logging services, slickline services and well testing services.

The Company's operations and activities are located within certain geographies, primarily the MENA region and the Asia Pacific region, which includes Malaysia, Indonesia and India.

In accordance with FASB ASC 280 - Segment Reporting, information on revenues and long-lived assets of the operations of the Company are disclosed below (in thousands):

# Revenue from operations

	Successor (NESR)							Predecessor (NPS)			
	Period from January 1, 2019 to June 30, 2019		, ,		_	riod from June 018 to June 30, 2018		Period from January 1, 2018 to June 6, 2018		riod from April 2018 to June 6, 2018	
Reportable Segment:											
Production Services	\$	187,471	\$	95,358	\$	28,602	\$	112,295	\$	48,032	
Drilling and Evaluation											
Services		124,132		64,541		16,384		24,735		12,153	
Total revenue	\$	311,603	\$	159,899	\$	44,986	\$	137,030	\$	60,185	

# Long-lived assets

	Jun	e 30, 2019	December 31, 2018		
Reportable Segment:					
Production Services	\$	236,641	\$	219,278	
Drilling and Evaluation Services		106,469		98,163	
Unallocated		10,923		11,286	
Total	\$	354,034	\$	328,727	

# Segment EBITDA

		Successor (NESR)	Predecess	or (NPS)	
	Period from January 1, 2019 to June 30, 2019	Period from April 1, 2019 to June 30, 2019	Period from June 7, 2018 to June 30, 2018	Period from January 1, 2018 to June 6, 2018	Period from April 1, 2018 to June 6, 2018
Reportable Segment:					
Production Services	65,426	33,764	8,770	36,836	15,112
Drilling and Evaluation					
Services	25,630	14,943	1,275	3,267	1,217
Unallocated Costs	(8,863)	(5,865)	(6,679)	(9,651)	(5,517)
Total Segment EBITDA	\$ 82,193	\$ 42,842	\$ 3,366	\$ 30,452	\$ 10,812

The following table presents a reconciliation of consolidated net income, which is the most comparable financial measure under U.S. GAAP, to Total Segment EBITDA:

			Succes	sor (NESR)				)		
	Period from January 1, 2019 to June 30, 2019		Period from April 1, 2019 to June 30, 2019		Period from June 7, 2018 to June 30, 2018		Period from January 1, 2018 to June 6, 2018		Period from April 1, 2018 to June 6, 2018	
Net Income	\$	24,530	\$	11,356	\$	(3,965)	\$	6,736	\$	1,283
Add:										
Income taxes		7,394		4,451		(1,029)		2,342		1,359
Interest expense, net		9,680		5,750		1,900		4,090		1,265
Depreciation and										
amortization		40,589		21,285		6,460		17,284		6,905
Total Segment EBITDA	\$	82,193	\$	42,842	\$	3,366	\$	30,452	\$	10,812

			Succes	ssor (NESR)			Predecessor (NPS)					
	Jan	eriod from uary 1, 2019 une 30, 2019	Period from April 1, 2019 to June 30, 2019		Period from June 7, 2018 to June 30, 2018			Period from anuary 1, 2018 o June 6, 2018	Period from April 1, 2018 to June 6, 2018			
MENA	\$	307,627	\$	158,082	\$	44,573	\$	134,479	\$	59,294		
Rest of world		3,976		1,817		413		2,548		891		
Total revenue	\$	311,603	\$	159,899	\$	44,986	\$	137,027	\$	60,185		

Long-lived assets by geographic area

	June 30, 2019	9	December 31, 2018		
Geographic Area:					
MENA	\$	346,382 \$	319,552		
Rest of world		7,652	9,175		
Total	\$	354,034 \$	328,727		
	07				

# **Cautionary Note Regarding Forward-Looking Statements**

This Periodic Report on Form 6-K (this "Periodic Report") contains forward-looking statements (as such term is defined in Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, (the "Securities Act"), and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act"). Any and all statements contained in this Periodic Report that are not statements of historical fact may be deemed forward-looking statements. Terms such as "may," "might," "would," "should," "could," "project," "estimate," "predict," "potential," "strategy," "anticipate," "attempt," "develop," "plan," "help," "believe," "continue," "intend," "expect," "future," and terms of similar import (including the negative of any of these terms) may identify forward-looking statements. However, not all forward-looking statements may contain one or more of these identifying terms. Forward-looking statements in this Periodic Report may include, without limitation, statements regarding the benefits resulting from our recent business combination transaction, the plans and objectives of management for future operations, projections of income or loss, earnings or loss per share, capital expenditures, dividends, capital structure or other financial items, our future financial performance, including any such statement contained in a discussion and analysis of financial condition by management or in the results of operations included pursuant to the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC"), expansion plans and opportunities, and the assumptions underlying or relating to any such statement.

The forward-looking statements are not meant to predict or guarantee actual results, performance, events or circumstances and may not be realized because they are based upon our current projections, plans, objectives, beliefs, expectations, estimates and assumptions and are subject to a number of risks and uncertainties and other influences, many of which we have no control over. Actual results and the timing of certain events and circumstances may differ materially from those described by the forward-looking statements as a result of these risks and uncertainties. Factors that may influence or contribute to the accuracy of the forward-looking statements or cause actual results to differ materially from expected or desired results may include, without limitation:

- The ability to recognize the anticipated benefits of our recent business combination transaction, which may be affected by, among other things, the price
  of oil, natural gas, natural gas liquids, competition, our ability to integrate the businesses acquired and the ability of the combined business to grow and
  manage growth profitably;
- Integration costs related to our recent business combination;
- · Estimates of our future revenue, expenses, capital requirements and our need for financing;
- The risk of legal complaints and proceedings and government investigations;
- · Our financial performance;
- Success in retaining or recruiting, or changes required in, our officers, key employees or directors;
- Current and future government regulations;
- Developments relating to our competitors:
- Changes in applicable laws or regulations;
- The possibility that we may be adversely affected by other economic and market conditions, political disturbances, war, terrorist acts, international currency fluctuations, business and/or competitive factors; and
- Other risks and uncertainties set forth under the caption "Risk Factors" in Part I, Item 3D of the Company's Annual Report on Form 20-F for the year ended December 31, 2018 (the "Annual Report").

Readers are cautioned not to place undue reliance on forward-looking statements because of the risks and uncertainties related to them and to the risk factors. We disclaim any obligation to update the forward-looking statements contained in this Periodic Report to reflect any new information or future events or circumstances or otherwise, except as required by law. Readers should read this Periodic Report in conjunction with the discussion under Part II, Item 1A below, our unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements and the related notes thereto included in this Periodic Report, and other documents which we may furnish from time to time with the SEC.

#### ITEM 2. OPERATING AND FINANCIAL REVIEW

The following discussion and analysis should be read in conjunction with the unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements and related notes included in this Periodic Report. In addition, such analysis should be read in conjunction with the audited consolidated financial statements, the related notes, and the other information included in the Annual Report. The following discussion and analysis contain forward-looking statements that reflect our future plans, estimates, beliefs and expected performance. Please read "Cautionary Note Regarding Forward-Looking Statements."

#### Overview

We are a regional provider of services to the oil and gas industry in the MENA and Asia Pacific regions. We currently operate in 14 countries, with a strong presence in Saudi Arabia, Oman, Algeria, Qatar, UAE, and Iraq. Our vision was founded on creating a regional provider for oilfield services that offered a full portfolio of solutions for our customers throughout the region with a strong focus on supporting the economies in which we operate. We believe strongly in employing locals and searching for opportunities to bring value into the region. With its vast reserves of oil and gas, the MENA region continues to dominate in its role as a vital source of global energy supply and stability. Our services include a broad suite of offerings that are essential in the drilling and completion of new oil and natural gas wells and in the remedial work on existing wells, both onshore and offshore, including completion services and equipment and drilling & evaluation services and equipment.

# **Factors Affecting our Results of Operations**

#### Cyclical Nature of Sector

We provide oilfield services to exploration and production companies with operations in the onshore and offshore oil and gas sectors in the MENA, particularly the Middle East, and Asia Pacific regions. Demand for our services is mainly driven by our customers' operations and is therefore linked to global commodity prices and expectations about future prices, rig activity and other factors.

The oilfield services sector is a highly cyclical industry. As a result, our operating results can fluctuate from quarter to quarter and period to period. However, due to the lower average cost per barrel in the Middle East and the need for infrastructure spending to sustain or increase current production levels of these oil rich countries, we believe that we are less affected by oil price volatility as compared to oilfield services companies that operate in other regions, as discussed below.

#### Global E&P Trends and Oil Prices

Since the most recent downturn in oil prices, which commenced in 2014, many projects have been deferred by exploration & production ("E&P") companies, as they sought to reduce oilfield service costs in an attempt to lower their break-even points. Pricing concessions were granted by service providers in order to maintain their market share during these periods. After a double-digit decline in 2016, global E&P spending has posted successive years of increases, improving year-over-year by 4% in 2017 and 8% in 2018 and is expected to increase further in 2019. Despite these trends and estimates in global E&P spending, the pricing environment for oilfield services has been challenging due to the overhang of oilfield service capacity in certain regions globally.

# **Drilling Environments**

Based on energy industry data, offshore oil production currently provides an estimated 30% of all global oil supply; however, the bulk of oil production comes from onshore activity. We provide services to E&P companies with both onshore and offshore drilling operations. Offshore drilling generally provides higher margins to service providers due to greater complexity, logistical challenges and the need for innovative solutions.

# Geographic Concentration; Middle Eastern Operations

Over 90% of our revenue has historically come from the MENA region, particularly the Middle East. The Middle East has almost half of the world's proven oil reserves and accounts for almost a third of oil production, according to the BP Statistical Review of World Energy. The countries in the Arabian Gulf account for approximately one-quarter of global oil production and given the low break-even price, it is a key region for oilfield service companies. Most oil and gas fields in the Middle East are legacy fields on land or in shallow waters. These fields are largely engaged in development drilling activity, driven by the need for redevelopment, enhanced oil recovery via stimulation and the drilling of new production wells. Further, a number of gas fields scheduled to be developed in the near future will require oilfield services. Although the region still has low break-even levels, it is expected that more complex projects, with higher break-even prices, will be developed in the future and other new technologies will be required to meet customer expectations or drilling requirements. As a result, our capital expenditure and related financing needs may increase materially in the future.

In addition, regional drilling operations may be impacted by local political and economic trends. Due to the concentration of our operations in the MENA region, and particularly the Middle East, our financial condition and results of operations may be impacted by geopolitical, political or economic instability affecting the countries in which we operate, including armed conflict, imposition of economic sanctions, changes in governments and currency devaluations, among others.

Many MENA countries rely on the energy sector as the major source of national revenues. For example, according to energy industry data, during the recent industry downturn the MENA region saw less reduction in oil and gas activities than North America. Even at lower oil and gas prices, such oil and gas dependent economies have continued to maintain significant production and drilling activities. Further, given that Middle East markets have among the lowest break-even prices, they can continue to produce profitably at significantly lower commodity prices.

#### Key Components of Revenues and Expenses

#### Revenues

We earn revenue from our broad suite of oilfield services, including coiled tubing, cementing, stimulation and pumping, well testing services, drilling services and rental, fishing and remediation, drilling and workover rigs, nitrogen services, wireline logging services, turbines drilling, directional drilling, filtration services and slickline services, among others. We recognize revenues as services are rendered and collectability is reasonably assured. Our services are based on fixed or determinable price purchase orders or contracts with customers and do not include a right of return. Rates for services and equipment are typically priced on a per day, per man hour, per unit of measure or other similar basis.

#### Cost of services

Cost of services primarily includes staff costs for service personnel, purchase of non-capitalized material and equipment (such as tools and rental equipment), depreciation relating to capital assets used in our operations, vehicle and equipment rental and maintenance and repair.

# Selling, general and administrative ("SG&A")

SG&A expense primarily includes salary and employee benefits for non-production personnel (primarily management and administrative personnel), professional service fees (including expenses relating to the Business Combination), office rental and equipment, office supplies and non-capitalized office equipment and depreciation of office furniture and fixtures.

#### Amortization

Amortization expense primarily includes amortization of intangible assets associated with acquired customer contracts, trademarks and tradenames.

# Interest expense, net

Interest expense primarily consists of interest on outstanding debt, net of interest income.

#### Other income (expense), net

Other operating income (expenses) primarily consists of gain/loss on disposal of fixed assets, bank charges and foreign exchange transaction expenses.

#### **Key Performance Indicators**

We track two principal non-financial performance indicators that are important drivers of our results of operations: rig count and oil price. Oil price is important because the level of spending by E&P companies, our principal customers, is significantly influenced by anticipated future prices of oil, which is typically indicative of expected supply and demand. Changes in E&P spending, in turn, typically result in an increased or decreased demand for our services. Rig count, particularly in the regions in which we operate, is an indicator of the level of activity and spending by our E&P customers and has historically been an important indicator of our financial performance and activity levels.

The following table shows rig count (Source: Baker Hughes Published Rig Count Data) and average oil prices as of the dates indicated:

	As of	As of June 30,		
	2019		2018	
Rig count:				
MENA	476	j	446	
Rest of World – outside of North America	662	<u>'</u>	513	
Total	1,138	3	959	
Brent Crude (per barrel)	\$ 64.74	\$	79.23	

#### **Basis of Presentation of Financial Information**

#### Business Combination Accounting and Presentation of Results of Operations

As a result of the Business Combination, NESR was determined to be the accounting acquirer and NPS was determined to be the predecessor for SEC reporting purposes. Pursuant to Accounting Standard Codification ("ASC") 805, *Business Combinations* ("ASC 805"), the acquisition-date fair value of the purchase consideration paid by NESR to affect the Business Combination was allocated to the assets acquired and the liabilities assumed based on their estimated fair values. As a result of the application of the acquisition method of accounting resulting from the Business Combination, the financial statements and certain notes to the financial statements included Part 1, Item 1, "Financial Statements (Unaudited)" of this Periodic Report separate our presentations into two distinct sets of reporting periods, the period before the date of consummation of the Business Combination ("Predecessor Period") and the period after that date ("Successor Period"), to indicate the application of the different basis of accounting between the periods presented. The predecessor period reflects the historical financial information of NPS prior to the Business Combination, while the successor period reflects our consolidated financial information, including the results of NPS and GES, after the Business Combination. The successor periods are from June 7, 2018 to June 30, 2018 ("2018 Successor Period"), January 1, 2019 to June 30, 2019 ("2019 Successor Period") and April 1, 2019 to June 30, 2019 ("2019 Successor Quarter") and the predecessor periods are from January 1, 2018 to June 6, 2018 ("2018 Predecessor Periods") and April 1, 2018 to June 6, 2018 ("2018 Predecessor Quarter"). References to the "2018 periods" below refers to the aggregation of results from the 2018 predecessor and successor periods to enhance comparability with 2019 amounts.

Our Condensed Consolidated Statement of Operations subsequent to the Business Combination includes depreciation and amortization expense on the NPS and GES property, plant, and equipment balances resulting from the fair value adjustments made under the new basis of accounting. Certain other items of income and expense, particularly depreciation and amortization were also impacted and NPS stand-alone results are presented as the Predecessor. Therefore, our financial information prior to the Business Combination is not comparable to our financial information subsequent to the Business Combination.

# Segments

We operate our business and report our results of operations through two operating and reporting segments, Production Services and Drilling and Evaluation Services, which aggregate services performed during distinct stages of a typical life cycle of an oil well.

Production Services. Our Production Services segment includes the results of operations from services that are generally offered and performed during the production stage of a well's lifecycle. These services mainly include coiled tubing, cementing, stimulation and pumping, nitrogen services, filtration services, completions, pipelines, laboratory services and artificial lift services. Our Production Services accounted for 60%, 60%, 64%, 82% and 80%, in the 2019 Successor Period, 2019 Successor Quarter, 2018 Successor Period, 2018 Predecessor Period, and 2018 Predecessor Quarter, respectively

Drilling and Evaluation Services. Our Drilling and Evaluation Services segment includes the results of operations from services that are generally offered and performed during pre-production stages of a well's lifecycle and related mainly to the operation of oil rigs. The services mainly include well testing services, drilling services and rental, fishing and remediation, drilling and workover rigs, wireline logging services, turbines drilling, directional drilling, slickline services and drilling fluids, among others. Our Drilling and Evaluation Services accounted for 40%, 40%, 36%, 18% and 20%, in the 2019 Successor Period, 2019 Successor Quarter, 2018 Successor Period, 2018 Predecessor Period, and 2018 Predecessor Quarter, respectively

See Item 4B, "Business Overview" in our Annual Report on Form 20-F for the year ended December 31, 2018, which is hereby incorporated by reference into this Periodic Report, for a description of our reportable segments.

# **Results of Operations**

The discussions below relating to significant line items from our consolidated statements of operations are based on available information and represent our analysis of significant changes or events that impact the fluctuations in or comparability of reported amounts. Where appropriate, we have identified specific events and changes that affect comparability or trends. In addition, the discussions below for revenues are on an aggregate basis for each fiscal period, as the business drivers for all services are similar.

#### 2019 compared to 2018

The following table presents our consolidated income statement data for the periods indicated:

	Successor (NESR)						Predecessor (NPS)			
Description	Period from January 1, 2019 to June 30, 2019		Period from April 1, 2019 to June 30, 2019		Period from June 7, 2018 to June 30, 2018		Period from January 1, 2018 to June 6, 2018		Period from April 1, 2018 to June 6, 2018	
2000.1.p.1011			10 0011	0 00, 20 10	to our	10 00, 2010	1000	0, 2010	10 00	
Revenues	\$	311,603	\$	159,899	\$	44,986	\$	137,027	\$	60,185
Cost of services		(231,390)		(116,893)		(37,055)		(104,242)		(46,070)
Gross profit		80,213		43,006		7,931		32,785		14,115
Selling, general and administrative expense		(30,107)		(17,062)		(9,021)		(19,969)		(10,469)
Amortization		(8,003)		(3,949)		(1,536)		(10)		(10)
Operating income		42,103		21,995		(2,626)		12,806		3,636
Interest expense, net		(9,680)		(5,750)		(1,900)		(4,090)		(1,265)
Other income (expense), net		(499)		(438)		(468)		362		271
Income before income tax		31,924		15,807		(4,994)		9,078		2,642
Income tax (expense) benefit		(7,394)		(4,451)		1,029		(2,342)		(1,359)
Net income		24,530		11,356		(3,965)		6,736		1,283

**Revenue.** Revenue was \$311.6 million for the 2019 Successor Period compared to \$137.0 million for the 2018 Predecessor Period and \$45.0 for the 2018 Successor Period, or \$182 million in total for the 2018 periods. Revenue was \$159.9 million for the 2019 Successor Quarter compared to \$60.2 million for the 2018 Predecessor Quarter and \$45.0 for the 2018 Successor Period, or \$105.2 million in total for the 2018 periods.

The table below presents our revenue by segment for the periods indicated:

	Successor (NESR)						Predecessor (NPS)			
	Period from         Period from April         Period from June           January 1, 2019 to         1, 2019 to June         7, 2018 to June           June 30, 2019         30, 2019         30, 2018		January 1, 2019 to		118 to June	Janu	riod from uary 1, 2018 une 6, 2018		d from April 8 to June 6, 2018	
Reportable Segment:	,									
Production Services	\$	187,471	\$	95,358	\$	28,602	\$	112,295	\$	48,032
Drilling and Evaluation Services		124,132		64,541		16,384		24,732		12,153
Total revenue	\$	311,603	\$	159,899	\$	44,986	\$	137,027	\$	60,185

Production Services revenue was \$187.5 million for the 2019 Successor Period compared to \$112.3 million for the 2018 Predecessor Period and \$28.6 million for the 2018 Successor Period, or \$140.8 million in total for the 2018 periods. Production Services revenue was \$95.4 million for the 2019 Successor Quarter compared to \$48.0 million for the 2018 Predecessor Quarter and \$28.6 million for the 2018 Successor Period, or \$76.6 million in total for the 2018 periods. The increase in revenue was primarily due higher coil tubing and stimulation activities in Saudi Arabia, Iraq and the United Arab Emirates.

Drilling and Evaluation Services revenue was \$124.1 million for the 2019 Successor Period compared to \$24.7 million for the 2018 Predecessor Period and \$16.4 million for the 2018 Successor Period, or \$41.1 million in total for the 2018 periods. Drilling and Evaluation Services revenue was \$64.5 million for the 2019 Successor Quarter compared to \$12.2 million for the 2018 Predecessor Quarter and \$16.4 million for the 2018 Successor Period, or \$28.5 million in total for the 2018 periods. The increase in revenue was primarily due higher well testing, logging and drilling services activities in Saudi Arabia, Iraq and Algeria.

Cost of services. Cost of services was \$231.4 million for the 2019 Successor Period compared to \$104.2 million for the 2018 Predecessor Period and \$37.1 million for the 2018 Successor Period, or \$141.3 million in total for the 2018 periods. Cost of services was \$116.9 million for the 2019 Successor Quarter compared to \$46.1 million for the 2018 Predecessor Quarter and \$37.1 million for the 2018 Successor Period, or \$83.1 million in total for the 2018 periods. Cost of services as a percentage of total revenue was 74%, 73%, 82%, 76% and 77%, for the 2019 Successor Period, 2019 Successor Quarter, 2018 Successor Period, 2018 Predecessor Period, and 2018 Predecessor Quarter, respectively. The change in trend is due mainly to revenue mix between business lines with lower and higher margins. The 2019 Successor Period as of percentage of revenue was significantly lower compared to the 2018 Successor Period due to stronger activity and cost savings resulting from the Business Combination. Cost of services included depreciation of \$30.5 million, \$15.9 million, \$3.2 million, \$6.9 million and \$9.3 million, in the 2019 Successor Period, 2019 Successor Quarter, 2018 Successor Period, 2018 Predecessor Period, and 2018 Predecessor Quarter, respectively.

Gross profit. Gross profit as a percentage of total revenue was 26%, 27%, 18%, 24% and 23%, for the 2019 Successor Period, 2019 Successor Quarter, 2018 Successor Period, 2018 Predecessor Period, and 2018 Predecessor Quarter, respectively. The change in trend is described under "Revenue" and "Cost of services."

Selling, general and administrative expense. SG&A expense, which represents costs associated with managing and supporting our operations, was \$30.1 million for the 2019 Successor Period compared to \$20.0 million for the 2018 Predecessor Period and \$9.0 million for the 2018 Successor Period, or \$29.0 million in total for the 2018 periods. SG&A was \$17.1 million for the 2019 Successor Quarter compared to \$10.5 million for the 2018 Predecessor Quarter and \$9.0 million for the 2018 Successor Period, or \$19.5 million in total for the 2018 periods. SG&A as a percentage of total revenue was 10%, 11%, 20%, 15% and 17%, for the 2019 Successor Period, 2019 Successor Quarter, 2018 Successor Period, 2018 Predecessor Period, and 2018 Predecessor Quarter, respectively. The reduction of expenses as percentage of revenue for the 2019 is primarily due to integration cost savings realized following the Business Combination, along with revenue growth.

Amortization expense. Amortization expense was \$8.0 million for the 2019 Successor Period compared to \$10 thousand for the 2018 Predecessor Period and \$1.5 million for the 2018 Successor Period, or \$1.5 million in total for the 2018 periods. Amortization expense was \$3.9 million for the 2019 Successor Quarter compared to \$10 thousand for the 2018 Predecessor Quarter and \$1.5 million for the 2018 Successor Period, or \$1.5 million in total for the 2018 periods. The increase in the 2019 amortization was driven mainly by recording the valuation of our acquired intangible assets resulting from the Business Combination.

Interest expense, net. Interest expense, net, was \$9.7 million for the 2019 Successor Period compared to \$4.1 million for the 2018 Predecessor Period and \$1.9 million for the 2018 Successor Period, or \$6.0 million in total for the 2018 periods. Interest expense, net was \$5.8 million for the 2019 Successor Quarter compared to \$1.3 million for the 2018 Predecessor Quarter and \$1.9 million for the 2018 Successor Period, or \$3.2 million in total for the 2018 periods. The relative increase in interest expense was mainly attributable to the impact of the loan arrangement fees write-off of the prior credit facilities following the refinancing, further impacted by higher LIBOR rates in addition to incremental interest expense arising from our new credit facility.

Other (expense) income, net. Other (expense) income, net, was \$0.5 million for the 2019 Successor Period compared to \$0.4 for the 2018 Predecessor Period and (\$0.5) million for the 2018 Successor Period, or (\$0.1) million in total for the 2018 periods. Other (expense) income, net was \$0.4 million for the 2019 Successor Quarter compared to \$0.3 million for the 2018 Predecessor Quarter and (\$0.5) million for the 2018 Successor Period, or (\$0.2) million in total for the 2018 periods. Differences between periods were mainly attributed to losses and gains on fixed assets and the impact of currency fluctuations.

Income tax expense (benefit). Income tax expense (benefit) was \$7.4 million for the 2019 Successor Period compared to \$2.3 million for the 2018 Predecessor Period and (\$1.0) million for the 2018 Successor Period, or \$1.3 million in total for the 2018 periods. Income tax expense (benefit) was \$4.5 million for the 2019 Successor Quarter compared to \$1.4 million for the 2018 Predecessor Quarter and (\$1.0) million for the 2018 Successor Period, or approximately (\$0.3) million in total for the 2018 periods. The increase in income tax expense (benefit) is primarily related to a change in the tax regime applied in Saudi Arabia (changing from Zakat to a Corporate Tax regime) as well as additional business in Oman where the inclusion of GES in the 2019 Successor Period has significantly increased our presence. See Note 16, Income taxes, to our condensed consolidated interim financial statements included in Part 1, Item 1, "Financial Statements (Unaudited)" of this Periodic Report.

**Net income.** Net income (loss) was \$24.5 million for the 2019 Successor Period compared to \$6.7 million for the 2018 Predecessor Period and (\$4.0) for the 2018 Successor Period, or approximately \$2.8 million in total for the 2018 periods. Net income was \$11.4 million for the 2019 Successor Quarter compared to \$1.3 million for the 2018 Predecessor Quarter and (\$4.0) for the 2018 Successor Period, or (\$2.7) million in total for the 2018 periods.

#### **Liquidity and Capital Resources**

Our objective in financing our business is to maintain sufficient liquidity, adequate financial resources and financial flexibility to fund the requirements of our business. We had cash and cash equivalents of \$69.6 million as of June 30, 2019 and \$24.9 million as of December 31, 2018. Our outstanding long-term debt was \$365 million as of June 30, 2019 and \$225.2 million as of December 31, 2018. We believe that our cash on hand, cash flows generated from operations, and liquidity available through our credit facilities, including recently drawn facilities, will provide sufficient liquidity to manage our global cash needs. See "Capital Resources" below.

#### **Cash Flows**

Cash flows provided by (used in) each type of activity were as follows for the periods presented:

(in thousands)

	Successor (	Successor (NESR)				
	Period from January 1, 2019 to June 30, 2019	Period from June 7, 2018 to June 30, 2018	Period from January 1, 2018 to June 6, 2018			
Cash Provided by (used in):						
Operating Activities	20.056	14,324	20,826			
Investing Activities	(51,409)	(52,235)	(7,916)			
Financing Activities	76,123	74,766	(5,740)			
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash	(19)	<u>-</u>	(16)			
Net change in cash and cash equivalents	44,751	36,855	7,154			

# **Operating Activities**

Cash flows from operating activities were \$20.1 million for the 2019 Successor Period compared to \$20.8 million for the 2018 Predecessor Period and \$14.3 for the 2018 Successor Period, or \$35.2 million in total for the 2018 periods. Cash flows from operating activities decreased by \$15.1 million in the 2019 Period compared to the 2018 periods, primarily due to lower trade receivables collection.

# **Investing Activities**

Cash flows used in investing activities were \$51.4 million for the 2019 Successor Period compared to \$7.9 million for the 2018 Predecessor Period and \$52.2 for the 2018 Successor Period, or \$60.2 million in total for the 2018 periods. The difference between periods was primarily due to the change in timing of cash payments for capital expenditures. Our principal recurring investing activity is the funding of capital expenditures to ensure that we have the appropriate levels and types of machinery and equipment in place to generate revenue from operations.

# Financing Activities

Cash flows from financing activities were \$76.1 million for the 2019 Successor Period compared to cash flows used in financing activities of \$5.8 million for the 2018 Predecessor Period and cash flows from financing activities of \$74.8 million for the 2018 Successor Period, or cash flows from financing activities of \$69.0 million in total for the 2018 periods. In the Successor Period as compared to the 2018 periods, the Company's choice of financing shifted from a mixture of debt and equity to only debt. While equity was used in the 2018 Successor Period to finance the Business Combination, this transaction type has not reoccurred in the 2019 Successor Period. Additionally, a dividend to the former owners of NPS in the Predecessor Period did not reoccur in 2019.

# **Credit Facilities**

As of and after June 30, 2019, we had the following principal credit facilities and instruments outstanding or available:

#### Secured Facilities Agreement

On May 5, 2019, the Company entered into a \$450.0 million term loan, revolving credit, and working capital facilities agreement (the "Secured Facilities Agreement") with Arab Petroleum Investments Corporation ("APICORP") – Bahrain Banking Branch, HSBC Bank Middle East Limited ("HSBC"), Mashreqbank PSC and Saudi British Bank acting as initial mandated lead arrangers and bookrunners, Mashreqbank PSC acting as global agent, APICORP and Mashreqbank PSC acting as security agents, NPS Bahrain for Oil & Gas Wells Services WLL, Gulf Energy SAOC and National Petroleum Technology Company as borrowers, and HSBC, Mashreqbank PSC, APICORP and Saudi British Bank, as the "Lenders." Upon consummation of this transaction, the Company settled its existing debt obligations with the exception of a \$30.1 million working capital facility with HSBC, described below, used for the issuance of letters of guarantee and letters of credit.

On May 23, 2019 and June 20, 2019, the Company entered into \$35.0 million and \$40.0 million Incremental Facilities Agreements, respectively, increasing the size of the Secured Facilities Agreement to \$485.0 million and \$525.0 million, respectively.

The \$525.0 million Secured Facilities Agreement consists of a \$300.0 million term loan due 2025 (the "Term Loan" or "Secured Term Loan"), a \$65.0 million Revolving Credit Facility ("RCF" or "Secured Revolving Credit Facility") due 2023, and a \$160.0 million working capital facility. Borrowings under the Term Loan and RCF incur interest at the rate of three-month LIBOR plus 2.4% to 2.7% per annum, varying based on the Company's Net Debt / EBITDA ratio. As of June 30, 2019, this results in an interest rate of 2.40%. The Company has drawn \$300.0 million of the Term Loan and \$65.0 million of the RCF as of June 30, 2019.

The RCF was obtained for general corporate and working capital purposes including capital expenditure related requirements and acquisitions (including transaction related expenses). The RCF requires the payment of a commitment fee each quarter. The commitment fee is computed at the rate of 0.60% per annum based on the average daily amount by which the borrowing base exceeds the outstanding borrowings during each quarter. Under the terms of the RCF, the final settlement is due by May 6, 2023. The Company is required to repay the amount of any principal balance outstanding together with any unpaid accumulated interest at three-month LIBOR plus 2.4% to 2.7% per annum, varying based on the Company's Net Debt / EBITDA ratio. The Company is permitted to make any prepayment under this RCF in multiples of \$5.0 million during this 4-year period up to May 6, 2023. Any unutilized balances from the RCF can be drawn down again during the 4-year tenure at the same terms.

The Secured Facilities Agreement also includes a working capital facility of \$160.0 million for issuance of letters of guarantee and letters of credit and refinancing letters of credit over a period of one year, which carries an interest rate equal to three-month U.S. Dollar LIBOR for the applicable interest period, plus a margin of 1.00% to 1.25% per annum. As of June 30, 2019, the Company had utilized \$93.1 million under this working capital facility and the balance of \$66.9 million was available to the Company.

The Company has also retained legacy bilateral working capital facilities from HSBC totaling \$30.1 million in Qatar (\$16.4 million), in UAE (\$13.6 million) and Kuwait (\$0.1 million). As of June 30, 2019, the Company had utilized \$29.0 million under this working capital facility and the balance of \$1.1 million was available to the Company.

Amounts utilized entails that Company has utilized both the facilities by issuing letters of credit to its vendors under both working capital facilities but it still remains off balance sheet until drawn. Once the Company draws the letter of credit to settle any vendor dues, it is classified as short-term borrowings until repaid.

The Secured Facilities Agreement includes covenants that specify maximum leverage (Net Debt / EBITDA) up to 3.50, minimum debt service coverage ratio (Cash Flow / Debt Service) of at least 1.25, and interest coverage (EBITDA / Interest) of at least 4.00. The Company is in compliance with all financial covenants as of June 30, 2019.

# **Capital Resources**

In the next twelve months, we believe cash on hand, cash flows from operating activities and available credit facilities, including those of our subsidiaries, will provide us with sufficient capital resources and liquidity to manage our working capital needs, meet contractual obligations, fund capital expenditures, and support the development of our short-term operating strategies. Although varying in approach by jurisdiction, the Company is able to make use of excess cash generated in a particular jurisdiction to fund cash needs of other jurisdictions.

We plan to pursue strategic acquisitions as an element of our business strategy. The timing, size or success of any acquisition and the associated potential capital commitments are unpredictable and uncertain. We may seek to fund all or part of any such acquisition with proceeds from debt or equity issuances, or may issue equity directly to the sellers, in any such acquisition, or any combination thereof. Our ability to obtain capital for strategic acquisitions will depend on our future operating performance, financial condition and, more broadly, on the availability of equity and debt financing. Capital availability will be affected by prevailing conditions in our industry, the global economy, the global financial markets and other factors, many of which are beyond our control. In addition, any additional debt service requirements we take on could be based on higher interest rates and shorter maturities and could impose a significant burden on our results of operations and financial condition, and the issuance of additional equity securities could result in significant dilution to our shareholders.

#### Other Factors Affecting Liquidity

Customer receivables. In line with industry practice, we bill our customers for our services in arrears and are, therefore, subject to our customers delaying or failing to pay our invoices. In weak economic environments, we may experience increased delays and failures to pay our invoices due to, among other reasons, a reduction in our customers' cash flow from operations and their access to the credit markets as well as unsettled political conditions. If our customers delay paying or fail to pay us a significant amount of our outstanding receivables, it could have a material impact on our liquidity, consolidated results of operations and consolidated financial condition. Two of our largest customers, Saudi Aramco and Petroleum Development Oman, are owned by the governments of Saudi Arabia and Oman, respectively. It is customary for Saudi Aramco to delay payments of a portion (10%) of receivables until all taxes due within the country are fully paid and settled.

See "Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements" below for more information.

# **Dividend Policy**

We have not paid any cash dividends on our ordinary shares to date and do not intend to pay cash dividends in the foreseeable future. The payment of cash dividends in the future will be dependent upon our revenues and earnings, if any, capital requirements and general financial condition. The payment of any cash dividends will be within the discretion of our Board of Directors. In addition, our ability to declare dividends may be limited by restrictive covenants we may agree to in connection with our indebtedness.

# **Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements**

Letters of credit. The Company has outstanding letters of credit amounting to \$41.7 million and \$10.3 million as of June 30, 2019 and December 31, 2018, respectively.

Guarantee agreements. In the normal course of business with customers, vendors and others, we have entered into off-balance sheet arrangements, such as surety bonds for performance, and other bank issued guarantees, including cash margin guarantees, which totaled \$109.2 million and \$41.4 million as of June 30, 2019 and December 31, 2018, respectively. A liability is accrued when a loss is both probable and can be reasonably estimated. None of the off-balance sheet arrangements either has, or is likely to have, a material effect on our condensed consolidated interim financial statements. See "Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements" below for more information.

#### **Contractual Obligations**

The information in the Annual Report on Form 20-F for the year ended December 31, 2018 under the section entitled "Tabular Disclosure of Contractual Obligations" in Part I, Item 5F, is hereby incorporated by reference into this Periodic Report. As of June 30, 2019, there were no material changes to this disclosure regarding our contractual obligations except as it relates to our estimated principal payments, estimated interest payments, and short-term debt.

As a result of our May 2019 debt refinancing described elsewhere in this periodic report, as of June 30, 2019, our future contractual obligations related to estimated principal payments, estimated interest payments, and short-term debt are \$365.0 million, \$92.0 million, and \$5.3 million, respectively. As of June 30, 2019, for estimated principal payments, we anticipate paying \$75.0 million from 1 to 3 years in the future, \$155.0 million from 3-5 years into the future, and \$135.0 million more than 5 years in the future. As of June 30, 2019, for estimated interest payments, we anticipate paying \$19 million within 1 year, \$38.9 million from 1 to 3 years in the future, \$26.9 million from 3-5 years into the future, and \$7.2 million more than 5 years in the future. For short-term debt payments, as of June 30, 2019, we anticipate paying \$5.3 million within the next 12 months.

#### **Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates**

The information in the Annual Report on Form 20-F for the year ended December 31, 2018 under the section entitled "Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates" in Part I, Item 5A, is hereby incorporated by reference into this Periodic Report. As of June 30, 2019, there were no material changes to this disclosure regarding our Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates made in the Annual Report.

#### ITEM 3. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK

#### **Foreign Currency Risk**

We are exposed to foreign currency risks that arise from normal business operations. These risks include transaction gains and losses associated with transactions denominated in currencies other than a location's functional currency.

US dollar balances in the United Arab Emirates, Saudi Arabia, Oman and Qatari entities are not considered to represent significant currency risk as the respective currencies in these countries are pegged to the U.S. dollar. Our foreign currency risk arises from the settlement of transactions in currencies other than our functional currency, specifically in Algerian Dinar, Libyan Dinar, and Iraqi Dinar. However, customer contracts in these countries are largely denominated in U.S. dollars.

# Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that one party to a financial instrument may fail to discharge an obligation and cause the other party to incur a financial loss. We are exposed to credit risk on our accounts receivable and other receivables and certain other assets (such as bank balances) as reflected in our consolidated balance sheet, with the maximum exposure equaling the carrying amount of these assets in the consolidated balance sheet. We seek to manage our credit risk with respect to banks by only dealing with reputable banks (our cash and cash equivalents are primarily held with banks and financial institution counterparties that are rated A1 to Baa3, based on Moody's ratings) and with respect to customers by monitoring outstanding receivables and following up on outstanding balances. Management also considers the factors that may influence the credit risk of its customer base, including the default risk of the industry and the country in which our customers operate. We sell our products to a variety of customers, mainly to national oil companies in the MENA and Asia Pacific regions.

#### Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that we may not be able to meet our financial obligations as they fall due. Our approach to managing liquidity risk is to ensure, as far as possible, that we will always have sufficient liquidity to meet our liabilities when due, under both normal and stressed conditions, without incurring unacceptable costs or liabilities. We maintain cash flow forecasts to monitor our liquidity position.

Accounts payable are normally settled within the terms of purchase from the supplier. We believe cash on hand, cash flows from operating activities and the available credit facilities will provide us with sufficient capital resources and liquidity to manage our working capital needs, meet contractual obligations, fund capital expenditures, and support the development of our short-term and long-term operating strategies.

#### Market Risk

We are exposed to market risks primarily from changes in interest rates on our long-term borrowings as well as fluctuations in foreign currency exchange rates applicable to our foreign subsidiaries and where local exchange rates are not pegged to the U.S. dollar (Algeria, Libya and Iraq). However, the foreign exchange risk is largely mitigated by the fact that all customer contracts are denominated in U.S. dollars.

We do not use derivatives for trading purposes, to generate income or to engage in speculative activity.

#### **ITEM 4. INTERNAL CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES**

#### **Disclosure Controls and Procedures**

We maintain disclosure controls and procedures that are designed to provide reasonable assurance that material information required to be disclosed in our reports that we submit under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act"), is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the SEC's rules and forms, and that such information is accumulated and communicated to our management, including our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, as appropriate, to allow timely decisions regarding required financial disclosure. In designing and evaluating the disclosure controls and procedures, management recognized that a control system, no matter how well designed and operated, can provide only reasonable, not absolute, assurance that the objectives of the control system are met. Because of the inherent limitations in all control systems, no evaluation of controls can provide absolute assurance that all control issues and instances of fraud, if any, within a company have been detected. Based on their evaluation, our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer have concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in rules 13(a)-15(e) and 15(d)-15(e) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended), were not effective as of the end of the period covered by this Periodic Report due to the material weaknesses in our internal control over financial reporting described below.

#### Material Weaknesses identified as of December 31, 2018

In connection with the audit of the Company's financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2018, management and the Company's independent registered public accounting firm identified a material weakness in the Company's internal control over financial reporting. It was concluded that the Company did not maintain an effective control environment over its financial reporting process by providing sufficient resources and technical expertise over accounting for income taxes and preparation of cash flows, in accordance with ASC 740 and ASC 230 respectively. The operators of review controls over accounting for income taxes and preparation of cash flows did not have sufficient information to perform an effective review to ensure compliance with U.S. GAAP. Specific observations contributing to this material weakness include: 1) during the course of the year-end financial close, our auditors identified adjustments related to certain income tax accounts and 2) the Company did not have timely management review controls over the statement of cash flows to verify the completeness and adequacy of information prior to presentation of the information to the independent auditors. Notwithstanding the identified material weakness, all required accounting entries have been reflected in our condensed consolidated interim financial statements. If left unremediated, the material weakness could result in future material misstatement of the condensed consolidated interim financial statements that would not be prevented or detected.

In connection with the preparation of our Subsidiaries' condensed consolidated interim financial statements as of and for the years ended December 31, 2015, 2016 and 2017, management of NPS and GES separately identified material weaknesses in internal controls over their financial reporting. Specifically, both had deficiencies in the financial statement close process with a cited lack of U.S. GAAP reporting expertise.

Management is evaluating changes designed to increase the effectiveness of its review controls over financial reporting processes and to ensure sufficient expertise and resources are allocated to verify compliance with U.S. GAAP. Changes since December 31, 2018 have included hiring additional personnel with U.S. GAAP reporting expertise, adjusting internal close and reporting timelines to allow more time for internal control to operate, and modifying financial reporting processes to add additional levels of review over the accuracy and completeness of information utilized in the preparation of the Company's income tax provision and statement of cash flows. As the Company continues to evaluate and work to improve its internal control over financial reporting, management may execute additional measures to modify the remediation actions described above. Management will continue to review and make necessary changes to the overall design of the Company's internal control.

#### **PART II - OTHER INFORMATION**

#### Item 1. Legal Proceedings.

We are not and have not been involved in any material legal proceedings, other than legal proceedings in the ordinary course of business incidental to our business. Although no assurances can be given about the final outcome of pending legal proceedings, at the present time we are not a party to any legal proceeding or investigation that, in the opinion of management, is likely to have a material impact on our business, financial condition or results of operations.

There are no proceedings in which any of our directors, officers or any of their respective affiliates, or any beneficial shareholder of more than five percent of voting securities, is an adverse party or has a material interest adverse to the above-mentioned Company's interest.

# Item 1A. Risk Factors.

# Risks Relating to Our Business and Operations

There are several factors that affect our business and operations, many of which are beyond our control. In addition to information set forth in this Periodic Report, careful consideration should be given to the risk factors discussed under the caption "Risk Factors" in Part I, Item 3D of the Annual Report on Form 20-F for the year ended December 31, 2018, which could have a material impact on our business, financial condition or results of operations and are hereby incorporated by reference into this Periodic Report. Such risks are not the only risks we face. Additional risks and uncertainties not presently known to us or that we currently believe to be immaterial may also have a material impact on our business, financial condition or results of operations.

# **SIGNATURES**

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

NATIONAL ENERGY SERVICES REUNITED CORP.

Date: August 8, 2019

Date: August 8, 2019

/s/ Sherif Foda

Name: Sherif Foda

Title: Chief Executive Officer (Principal Executive Officer)

Name: <u>/s/ Christopher L. Boone</u>

Name: Christopher L. Boone Title: Chief Financial Officer

(Principal Financial and Accounting Officer)

40